# TUALATIN HILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT BEAVERTON, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



# TUALATIN HILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT BEAVERTON, OREGON

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



PREPARED BY THE
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES DIVISION
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

#### TUALATIN HILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION



November 28, 2017

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors and the Citizens of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District:

In accordance with state statutes, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District (district) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the district. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the district's financial activities have been included.

In developing and evaluating the district's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the district's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. Within this framework, management believes that the district's transactions are properly recorded, and the financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

As required by Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 297, "the Municipal Audit Law", an independent audit must be conducted annually. Accordingly, the board of directors appointed the firm of Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP to complete the audit of the district's records.

Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP has issued an unmodified opinion on the district's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Immediately following, the reader will find Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District is a special service district formed in 1955, operating under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 266 as a separate municipal corporation. The district is governed by a five member board of directors, elected to four-year terms of office, with daily operations administered by a general manager. The district provides year-round park and recreation services to a diverse population of over 240,000 residents within 50 square miles of east Washington County, Oregon, including the City of Beaverton.

- District facilities include: five indoor and two outdoor swim centers; a combined recreation/aquatic center; two recreation centers; an athletic center with six indoor multi-purpose athletic courts and a running track; a senior center; historic sites (Jenkins Estate, Fanno Farmhouse and John Quincy Adams Young House); a 220-acre Nature Park and Interpretive Center; the Cooper Mountain Nature Park and Interpretive Center; a tennis center with six indoor and eight outdoor courts (covered by two air structures for fall and winter season usage); and a camp for developmentally disabled patrons.
- The district maintains, either through direct ownership or joint use agreement (including school sites): 50 outdoor basketball pads; 100 outdoor tennis courts; six indoor tennis courts; 149 soccer/football/lacrosse fields; 104 softball/baseball fields; three skate parks; four bocce courts; five volleyball courts; and an outdoor hockey rink.
- The district has 296 park and recreation facility sites totaling approximately 2,375 acres, consisting of 1,288 acres of wetland/natural areas, and 1,087 acres of developed sites, including neighborhood, community and regional parks. District sites include three lakes, 27 miles of stream corridor, and 51 miles of off-street pathways.
- District programs include: aquatics instruction, leagues and drop-in programs; youth and adult sports leagues and fitness programs; youth and adult general and specialized recreation programs; youth after-school and day camps; senior fitness and recreation programs; developmentally disabled and special needs recreation programs; and natural resource education programs.

The district is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the preceding fiscal year. The annual budget is intended to serve as a financial plan, operational plan and operations guide for the district's activities. The budget is prepared and adopted by fund and organizational unit, or division. Most budget changes after adoption require either a resolution by the board of directors, or a supplemental budget process.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITIONS**

Because of the unique focus of a special district, the information presented in the financial statements may be best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the district operates.

Local economy – Due to Ballot Measure 50, passed by voters in May 1997, the district has a permanent tax rate of \$1.3073 per \$1,000 of assessed value. An annual 3.0 percent increase is allowed on maximum assessed valuation of existing properties, along with increases due to new construction, land partitions, zoning changes, etc. The district was able to maintain a stable revenue base throughout the recession. Over the past several years the district experienced significant revenue growth from System Development Charge (SDC) fees due to increased construction within the district boundaries and a fee increase based on updated methodology. Fees increased 79% from 2015/16 to 2016/17.

Because the district's 2017 assessed value is only 66.4 percent of market value, there is an inherent cushion in property tax collections on most properties. Fiscal year 2016/17 resulted in a growth of 4.5 percent in general fund property taxes over fiscal year 2015/16, consisting of approximately 3.0 percent approved valuation increase on existing properties, and 1.5 percent exception based growth (growth due to new development). Property values are continuing to increase, and combined with three new urban expansion areas within the boundaries, the district is projecting growth in property taxes for fiscal year 2017-2018 of 4.5 percent.

Washington County, the second most populous county in Oregon, experienced job growth of 2.6 percent over the previous year. All job categories remained level or showed an increase with a total increase of 7,300 jobs. Furthermore, the county's unemployment rate as of August, 2017 sits at 4.0 percent (seasonally adjusted), a lower rate than the state (4.1 percent) and national rates (4.4 percent). As mentioned above, the revenues received from the assessment of system development charges (SDC's) for new construction remains strong. SDC revenues are statutorily restricted to use for purchase or construction of new, or expansion of existing, facilities, improvements and land within the district.

#### Long-term financial planning

To address the ongoing funding and patron needs, the district continues to maintain the application of a long-term focus in decision-making. Utilizing the Comprehensive Plan (last updated in 2013), the Strategic Plan and the Service and Financial Sustainability Plan, the district is ensuring long-term perspective and financial viability. The eight long-term strategic goals, included in the comprehensive plan, remain the foundation of our annual budget process.

The final step necessary for this long-term focus was the completion of the five functional plans. These plans address five key areas (parks, programs, natural resources, trails and athletic fields) and provide a structured approach for implementation of the recommendations generated from the three main plans. All functional plans were completed during the 2015/16 fiscal year.

To implement the key priorities as identified annually by the board of directors, the district will undertake to address or complete the following during the 2017/18 budget year:

- Ensure the district is serving the entire community by eliminating barriers that
  may inhibit participation by beginning implementation of the completed
  Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) access plan, and completing construction
  of an all access sports complex.
- Enhance communications and outreach efforts by continuing enhanced engagement procedures for public input on development projects and continuing implementation of the district's Community Outreach Plan.
- Maintain and enhance the levels of service and sustainability in the district's parks, trails, natural areas and recreational facilities by implementing a grant strategy to prioritize district needs and match them against available funding opportunities and providing increased staffing and funding to provide additional

- maintenance support and to keep pace with increased park acreage created through bond or SDC funded projects.
- Ensure continuity of service for our patrons by continued funding of a capital replacement reserve fund for long-term funding of capital asset needs, adding staff in the Information Services department, replacing the financial software to provide for growth and efficiency needs of the district and extended seasons for the outdoor pools to accommodate swim clubs and lap swim during the phase two maintenance closure of the Aquatic Center.
- Continue to work on moving cost recovery on park district services in line with targets established by the Service and Financial Sustainability Analysis by implementing a long-term internal staffing plan and transferring, eliminating or repurposing positions as needed in the centers, and funding energy savings improvements that will ultimately lower the cost of operations through reduced energy usage.

During the budget process, the district actively monitors deferred and projected maintenance replacements for both major and routine replacement needs. The five-year funding projection, prepared during the annual budget process, illustrates the importance of addressing this long-term need, to avoid a decline in district assets. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 the district policy for minimum fund balances/reserves (chapter 6.03) was positively impacted. This policy calls for the district to "measure its obligations for replacement of assets and ensure that replacements are managed in a manner that does not negatively impact the district services." In part this is being achieved through the creation of a capital replacement reserve that was initially funded for \$850,000 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 with an additional \$850,000 budgeted each subsequent fiscal year, including 2017-2018. These reserve funds are currently a portion of the ending general fund balance. Over time, this reserve funding is anticipated to provide a sustainable source of funding to ultimately address both routine and major replacement needs.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES

#### **Bond measure**

To facilitate the long-term vision of the district, a bond measure was developed for the November 2008 ballot, in the amount of \$100 million, payable by a dedicated property tax increase over the next 20 years. The measure provided funding for natural areas, trail expansions, athletic field additions, park additions and upgrades, building expansions and facility replacements and upgrades. Voters approved the measure, and subsequently, the district sold the first series of bonds (\$58.5 million) in April 2009, followed by sale of the second series (\$40.1 million) in September 2011.

In May 2015, the district advance refunded \$38.3 million of the Series 2009 issue to achieve an economic gain of over \$2.9 million and reduce the life of the debt by two years. Also, included in the Series 2015 borrowing was the final amount available (\$1.4 million) that fulfilled the \$100 million bond measure. In October 2016, the district advance refunded \$8.6 million of the Series 2011 issue to achieve an economic gain of \$.7 million. The district's debt structure, capital improvements and ultimately, the tax

payers have benefitted significantly from the low interest rate environment within the last eight years.

As of June 30, 2017, \$87.9 million bond funds have been expended. Approximately \$16.3 million in funds are available for completion of the voter approved projects.

#### Future goals

The district will continue to maintain a long-term focus, monitoring a forward-looking 10-year projection of financial position, including the deferred maintenance backlog. With completion of all five functional plans, key implementation items will be identified and prioritized within the eight long-term strategic goals.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the district for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twelfth year of submission, and subsequent receipt, of this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the district had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Staff believes that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The district's Adopted Budget Document for the 2016/2017 Fiscal Year received the *Distinguished Budget Presentation* award from GFOA. This is the twelfth year that the district has received such an award. In order to qualify, the budget document must be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and a communications device.

Finally, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the personnel in the Finance Department who contributed in the preparation of this report. Without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire finance staff, completion of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished.

In closing, the dedication, commitment and professional contribution to the financial stability of the district made by the board of directors and general manager must be acknowledged. Their guidance and leadership are of invaluable assistance to the financial management of the district.

Respectfully submitted.

Keith D. Hobson

Director of Business and Facilities



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

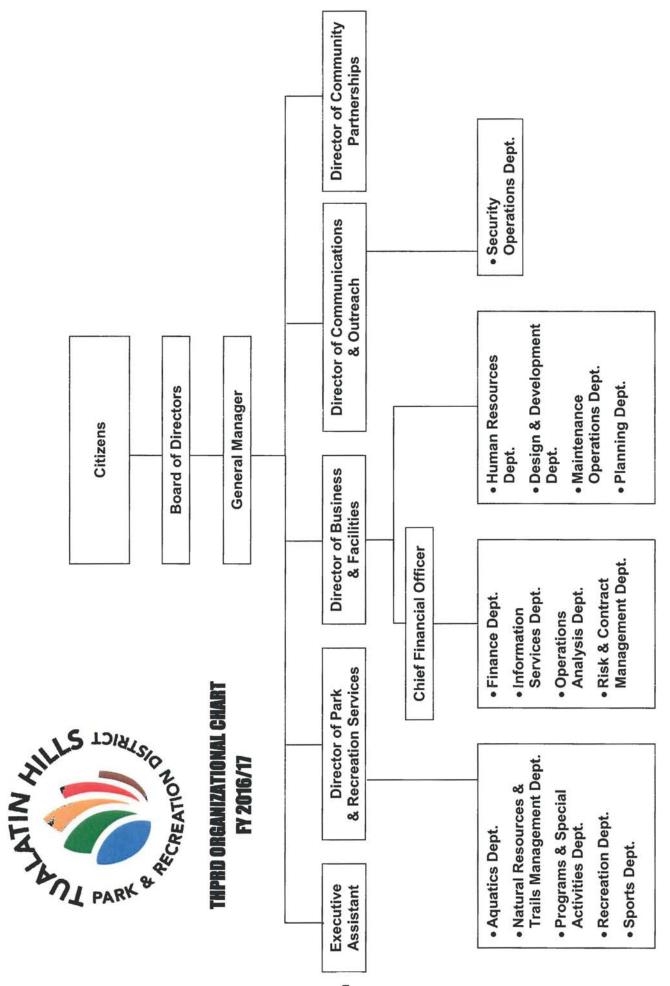
Presented to

### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO



### TUALATIN HILLS PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

Administrative Office 15707 SW Walker Road Beaverton, Oregon 97006

Board of Directors as of June 30, 2017

<u>Name</u>	Term Expires
Jerry Jones Jr., President	June 30, 2017
Ali Kavianian, Secretary	June 30, 2019
Bob Scott, Secretary Pro-tempore	June 30, 2017
John Griffiths	June 30, 2019
Larry Pelatt	June 30, 2017

Register Agent and Office

Doug Menke 15707 SW Walker Road Beaverton, Oregon 97006

> General Manager Doug Menke

Director of Business and Facilities Keith D. Hobson

# FINANCIAL SECTION



Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Beaverton, Oregon

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Board of Directors

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

#### **OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### OTHER MATTERS

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Funding Progress, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplemental Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

The Introductory Section, Other Financial Schedules, and Statistical Section, as listed in the Table of Contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Board of Directors

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

#### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY OREGON MINIMUM STANDARDS

In accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2017, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

TALBOT, KORVOLA & WARWICK, LLP

Julie B. Fahey, Partner

Lake Oswego, Oregon November 28, 2017



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District (district), has been prepared to provide a narrative review for the reader. The focus is based on current year activities and resulting changes, and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements that follow.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the district exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2017 by \$170,096,428.
- Net investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt) accounts for most of net position, with a value of \$152,863,521.
- Of the remaining net position, \$7,472,340 may be used to meet the district's ongoing obligations to patrons and creditors, without legal restriction.
- The district's total net position increased by \$15,728,996 or 10.2 percent over the previous year. Acquisitions of park property and improvements contributed mainly to the increase.
- O As of the close of the current fiscal year, the district's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,139,959 a decrease of \$12,872,943, or 26.3 percent. Decreases were reported in the Bonded Debt Fund, Bond Capital Projects Fund, and System Development Charges Fund, combined with an increase in the General Fund due to increased property tax revenues and under-expenditure of budgeted costs.
- As of June 30, 2017, fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,920,411 or 24.0 percent of total general fund expenditures, on a modified accrual basis.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis provides an introduction and overview to the district's basic financial statements. The district's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are structured to provide readers with a broad overview of the district's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the district's assets (including deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (including deferred inflows of resources), with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators include the condition of the district's assets, changes in the property tax base, and general economic conditions within the area.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the district's net position changed during the current fiscal year. On this statement, program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants and contributions) is shown separately from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program). This shows the extent each program relies on taxes for funding. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which requires that revenues be reported when they are earned and expenses be reported when goods and services are received. Items such as uncollected taxes, unpaid vendor invoices for items received by June 30, 2017, and earned but unused vacation leave are included in the statement of activities as revenue and expense. However, the cash associated with these items was not received or distributed until after June 30, 2017.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The district, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting for compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the district fall into the governmental fund category, which accounts for the government's tax-supported activities.

#### Governmental funds

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present separate columns of financial data for the General Fund, the Bonded Debt Fund, the Bond Capital Projects Fund, and the System Development Charges Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental fund, the Mitigation Maintenance Fund is shown in a single presentation.

A comparison of budget to actual is also presented for the General Fund within the basic financial statements. A detailed comparison of budget to actual for General Fund expenditures and other funds are presented in the supplemental information portion of this report.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term, or current year, inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements in comparison to near-term resources available.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements accrual focus, it is useful to compare information presented for **governmental funds** with similar information presented for **governmental activities** in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, along with the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

#### **Budgetary highlights**

The district maintains budgetary controls over its operating funds. Budgetary controls ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget appropriations. Governmental fund budgets are established in accordance with state law, and are adopted on a fund level except the General Fund. The General Fund budget is adopted on an organizational unit level.

#### Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided, and are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

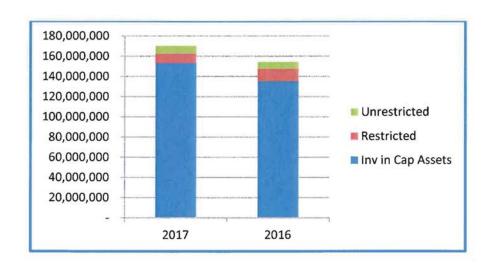
#### Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as an indicator of the district's financial position. As of June 30, 2017, the district's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$170,096,428.

The following is a condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Net Position

	Governmental Activities							
		lune 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016				
Cash and investments	\$	39,102,911	\$	52,385,149				
Other assets		3,470,688		2,774,726				
Capital assets		223,596,629	199,866,23					
Total assets		266,170,228	255,026,1					
Deferred outflow of resources-pension	12	9,748,471	6,176,9					
Deferred outflow of resources-charge on debt refunding		5,308,527		4,463,838				
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	_	281,227,226	265,666,9					
Other liabilities		5,083,876		4,966,120				
Debt liabilities		91,169,643		95,363,853				
Net pension and OPEB liability		14,877,279		10,969,499				
Total liabilities		111,130,798		111,299,472				
Net investment in capital assets		152,863,521		135,202,585				
Restricted		9,760,567		12,350,287				
Unrestricted		7,472,340		6,814,560				
Total net position	\$	170,096,428	\$	154,367,432				



The largest portion of the district's net position, \$152,863,521 or 89.9 percent reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire these assets still outstanding. The district's assets (recorded at cost) are used to provide services to patrons. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending, and debt repayment must be provided from other sources. An additional portion of the district's net position, \$9,760,567 or 5.7 percent represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$7,472,340 or 4.4 percent is unrestricted and may be used to meet the district's ongoing obligations. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the district had positive balances in all three categories of net position.

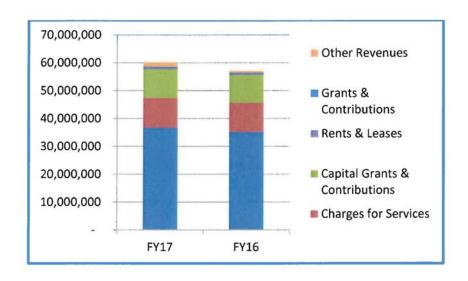
#### Statement of Activities

Governmental activities increased the district's net position by \$15,728,996 in this fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Changes in Net Position

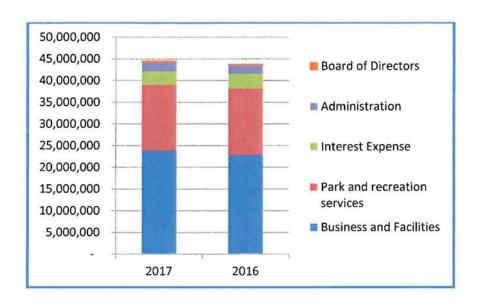
	Governmental Activities For the year ended							
	Ju	ne 30, 2017		une 30, 2016 s Reclassified)				
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	10,641,932	\$	10,485,707				
Operating grants and contributions		161,744		32,385				
Capital grants and contributions		10,276,395		9,994,683				
General revenues:								
Property taxes		36,692,351		35,118,802				
Rents and leases		635,913		648,897				
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs		183,894		185,805				
Other		1,634,984		647,045				
Total revenues	_	60,227,213		57,113,324				
Expenses:								
Board of directors		209,412		175,881				
Administration		2,210,239		2,048,290				
Business and facilities		23,818,025		22,817,462				
Park and recreation services		15,186,213		15,363,129				
Interest on long-term debt		3,074,328		3,334,042				
Total expenses		44,498,217		43,738,804				
Change in net position		15,728,996		13,374,520				
Net position - beginning	-	154,367,432		140,992,912				
Net position - ending	\$	170,096,428	\$	154,367,432				

<sup>\*</sup> Certain amounts in the 2016 financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the 2017 financial statements.



Property taxes increased \$1,573,549, or 4.5 percent due to statutorily allowed increases in assessed value of existing properties and new construction within the district boundaries. Other revenues increased \$987,939, or 152.7 percent due to a gain on the sale of a capital asset land parcel.

Expenses for the district increased by 1.7 percent over last year. This increase is due primarily to inflationary increases and facility and program expansions.



#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the district uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental funds analysis

The focus of the district's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the district's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The district has four major funds, reported as the General Fund, a debt service fund, and two capital project funds.

During Fiscal Year 2016/17, the district's governmental funds reported a decrease in combined ending fund balances of \$12,872,943. The previous fiscal year had a decrease of \$2,874,436, attributable primarily continued spending of bond proceeds on land acquisition and park development capital projects. The General Fund reported increases within the year while the remaining major funds reported decreases.

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the district. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,740,569. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 23.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures, exceeding the district's financial policy guideline of 10.0 percent.

The following is a condensed version of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund.

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	General Fund For the year ended							
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016 *(as Reclassified)						
Revenues:								
Program revenues	\$ 10,641,932	\$ 10,485,709						
Property taxes	29,444,230	28,067,647						
Other revenues	1,946,372	1,598,118						
Total revenues	42,032,534	40,151,474						
Expenditures:								
Board of directors	274,731	178,381						
Administration	2,193,086	2,104,826						
Business and facilities	17,489,302	17,337,563						
Park and recreation services	15,022,217	15,499,027						
Capital outlay	5,576,272	3,363,009						
Debt service	827,852	834,389						
Total expenses	41,383,460	39,317,195						
Change in fund balance	649,074	834,279						
Fund balance - beginning	9,271,337	8,437,058						
Fund balance - ending	\$ 9,920,411	\$ 9,271,337						

Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$649,074 or 7.0% on the modified accrual method of accounting, due to increased growth and tight fiscal controls.

Program revenues remained level with the prior year, increasing \$156,223 or 1.5%. Aquatics and sports experienced increases, while tennis and recreation showed decreases. For revenues other than program revenues, the 5.8% or \$1,724,837 increase was due primarily to the following factors:

- Increase of 4.9% or \$1,376,583 in property tax revenues related primarily to statutorily allowable growth in assessed property values.
- Increase of \$291,010 or 104.0% in grants and sponsorships related primarily to the receipt of capital project incentive funds from Energy Trust of Oregon and a one-time contribution from the Portland Timbers towards construction of a new development project.

Non-capital operating expenditures remained level, decreasing .4% or \$146,998. Capital expenditures increased from the previous year by \$2,213,263 or 65.8 percent due primarily due to costs for the Phase I renovation of the Aquatic Center.

The **Bonded Debt Fund** has a total fund balance of \$153,507, a decrease of \$132,843 versus the previous year, and is restricted for the payment of debt service on existing general obligation debt. Decrease is due primarily to normal scheduled debt principal payments.

The **Bond Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the proceeds received from the sale of the general obligation bonds, Series 2009 for \$58,505,000 and Series 2011 for \$40,060,000, and Series 2015 for \$1,435,000 (new monies only). In November 2008, district voters authorized a total levy of \$100 million to target a specific list of projects and land acquisitions throughout the district. A total of \$11,321,225 was expended during the current fiscal year. The majority of capital projects have been substantially completed; however, three large park development and improvement projects, natural resource land acquisition/restoration and development of two new athletic fields will continue for at least three more years. As of the end of the year, total fund balance in this fund restricted for capital project development is \$16,292,929.

The **System Development Charges Fund** accounts for development impact fees assessed on new construction within the district boundaries. Total revenues increased by \$4,314,282 or 79.4 percent over last year, due to an increase in new construction activity in two new urban areas of the district and revised methodology which resulted in a rate increase in June 2016. Total expenditures increased by \$7,585,670 or 126.0 percent due to several large land acquisitions in new urban areas and a continued shift in capital spending from bond to system development charge funded projects. Fund balance decreased by \$2,456,876 or 20.4 percent over the previous year. This total fund balance of \$9,607,060 is entirely restricted for parks acquisition and development and improvements related to capacity expansion.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The district prepares and adopts its budget on an annual basis using a modified accrual basis of accounting. General Fund revenues were slightly less than budget by 2.6 percent, largely due to anticipated grants awarded in the current fiscal year but for which funds will not be received until a subsequent year. Expenditures stayed well under budget by 19.9 percent, primarily due to non-expenditure of contingency and capital replacement funds, control of costs in part-time personnel and capital expenditures at less than budgeted amounts. There were no differences between the original and final amended budget at the program level.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital assets

The district's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2017 amounts to \$223,596,629 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, park sites and planning development, buildings and improvements, plus machinery, equipment and furnishings, and intangible assets. The net increase in the district's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$23,730,391 or 11.9 percent.

Increases of \$10,558,018 were generated in land primarily related to new acquisitions of park and natural area parcels, net increases in construction in progress of \$9,899,254 due primarily to one significant park project during the year, and increases in building and park sites related to completion of one significant building renovation and 2 significant trail and athletic field projects. Deferred improvements were funded for both buildings and parks improvements, to the extent of available funds.

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	June 30,						
		2017		2016			
Land	\$	104,738,085	\$	94,180,067			
Park sites and planning development		54,523,016		53,134,786			
Buildings and improvements		43,742,643		41,885,945			
Equipment and furnishings		993,273		1,050,469			
Intangible assets		111,926		26,539			
Construction in progress		19,487,686		9,588,432			
Total	\$	223,596,629	\$	199,866,238			

Additional information on the district's capital assets can be found in Note IV.B on page 39 of this report.

#### Long-term debt and other long-term obligations

At June 30, 2017, the district had \$91.2 million in debt and other long-term obligations outstanding compared to \$95.4 million last year. Approximately \$6.6 million of the debt outstanding and other long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 is due within one year. Debt decreased by a net of \$4.2 million, mainly due to the principal payments made on existing debt.

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Outstanding Debt and Obligations

	June 30,							
		2017		2016				
General obligation bonds	\$	73,280,000	\$	77,350,000				
Premiums		7,539,786		7,363,712				
Full faith and credit obligations		8,890,000		9,140,000				
Loans		354,819		381,695				
Compensated absences	_	1,105,038		1,128,446				
Total	\$	91,169,643	\$	95,363,853				

The district's most recent credit rating was "Aa1", received from Moody's in April 2015 for general obligation debt and February 2017 for full faith and credit obligations.. Previously, the district received ratings of "AA" from Standard & Poor's on both general obligation and full faith and credit obligations and "Aa2" for full faith and credit obligations from Moody's.

Due to the district's strong credit rating, bond insurance was not financially advantageous, nor necessary, for the series 2009, 2011, 2015 and 2016 general obligation issues or the series 2010 full faith issues.

Additional information on the district's long-term obligations can be found in Note IV.C on pages 40 - 42.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

Some of the factors considered during the preparation of the 2017/18 budget were:

- Assessed value on property was estimated to increase by approximately 4.5 percent over the previous year.
- O Absorbing an overall increase of personal service costs of 4.4 percent, with a cost of living increase of 2.1 percent for full and regular part-time staff. The budget includes an increase of three full-time positions and a net decrease of one regular part-time position. Two new full-time positions were added and one regular-part time position was upgraded to a full-time position.
- Continue with implementation of cost recovery strategy and evaluation of program offerings to ensure sustainable revenues for the future.
- Adjust for expected water usage and rate increases while continuing to explore initiatives to reduce further utility cost impacts; for example, LED lighting, maintenance vehicle trip reductions and upgrades to heating/cooling control software and equipment.
- Funding an increase of 1.5 percent to materials and services for provision of program related services and adequate maintenance coverage for newly completed park improvements.
- Additional funding for financial software replacement implementation project.
- Continued funding of the capital replacement reserve for long-term funding of capital asset needs.
- Continued funding of necessary park planning personnel to complete the Bond Capital project program.
- Funding of land acquisition (decrease of \$5 million) and new construction (increase of \$2 million) within the System Development Charges Fund.

Property taxes have been increased by the statutorily allowed 3.0 percent of assessed value on all properties. New development growth is conservatively estimated at 1.5 percent, for the combined rate of 4.5 percent. The district will continue to closely analyze the various properties to accurately estimate future resources. However, with the increased rate of new growth within district boundaries, and returning property values on existing homes, future resource growth should be strong and steady.

The district funds maintenance replacement at the maximum level available and it will continue to be a critical component of future budgetary plans. The district has seen growth in rental income from various properties and will actively target additional grant and contribution opportunities. Furthermore, the Tualatin Hills Park Foundation, a totally separate entity devoted to the betterment of the district and its patrons, has undertaken a serious focus on fundraising towards the future Southwest Community Park construction and operational costs, pledging approximately \$1.2 million. This mutually beneficial project is currently being constructed.

Overall, on a budgetary basis the General Fund beginning balance is \$1,736,016 or 21.2 percent over the anticipated beginning fund balance in the 2017/18 budget. This increase is largely due to factors such as:

- Increased patron participation in programs,
- Steady property tax collections,
- Strong budgetary controls and
- Capital funding carryforwards into the following year.

In order to remain financially sustainable, the district will continue with the long-term focus that has served well during the past years. Continued implementation of the strategic and financial sustainability plans, and resulting functional plans, will assist in identification of key items to incorporate within the board approved long term strategic goals. Local parks and recreation programs offer an affordable alternative for families of all sizes and economic backgrounds, as reflected by our residents' involvement. The district will continue to examine existing programs, along with new and trending activities, to ensure we remain competitive and accessible for all.

#### Requests for Information

These financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the district's finances for all those with an interest, and to demonstrate the district's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided within this report, or requests for further financial information, should be addressed to Business and Facilities Division, Finance Department, 15707 SW Walker Road, Beaverton, Oregon 97006.



### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,674,120	
Investments	2,997,144	
Due from other governments	1,120,777	
Receivables	2,170,069	
Inventories	74,062	
Prepaids	105,780	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	431,647	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land	104,738,085	
Park sites and planning development	54,523,016	
Buildings and improvements	43,742,643	
Equipment and furnishings	993,273	
Intangible assets	111,926	
Construction in progress	19,487,686	
Total assets	266,170,228	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred outflows - pension	9,748,471	
Deferred outflows - charge on debt refunding	5,308,527	
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,056,998	
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,784,828	
Accounts payable and other current habilities  Accrued interest payable	299,278	
Unearned revenue	1,999,770	
Long-term debt:	1,999,770	
Due within one year	6,631,147	
Due in more than one year	84,538,496	
Net OPEB liability	297	
Net pension liability	14,876,982	
Total liabilities	111,130,798	
Total nabilities	111,100,700	
Net Position:  Net investment in capital assets	152,863,521	
Restricted for:	102,000,021	
Debt service	153,507	
Capital improvements	9,607,060	
Unrestricted	7,472,340	
Total net position	\$ 170,096,428	
rotal net position	Ψ 170,030,420	

#### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes

	Program Revenues							in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	3	Charges for Services				perating rants and ntributions	rating Capital its and Grants and				Valle	Governmental Activities
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
Board of Directors	\$ 209,41	2 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(209,412)				
Administration	2,210,23	9	-		-		17.1		(2,210,239)				
Business and facilities	23,818,02	5			-	10	,276,395		(13,541,630)				
Park and recreation services	15,186,21	3	10,641,932		161,744		-		(4,382,537)				
Interest on long-term debt	3,074,32	8	-		-				(3,074,328)				
Total primary government	\$ 44,498,21	7 \$	10,641,932	\$	161,744	\$ 10	,276,395		(23,418,146)				
	General revenue Property taxe		ed for general p	ourpos	es				29,573,519				
			ed for debt serv		62				7,118,832				
			utions not restr		n specific pr	norams			183,894				
	Rents and le		300000000000000000000000000000000000000	otou t	о оробию ри	ogramo			635,913				
			ment earnings						516,989				
	Gain on sale								945,760				
	Miscellaneou	0.000							172,235				
	Total gener	al rev	enues						39,147,142				
	Change	in net	position						15,728,996				
	Net position - b								154,367,432				
	Net position - e	nding						\$	170,096,428				

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2017

	General Fund		Bonded Debt Fund	Ca	Bond pital Projects Fund		System evelopment arges Fund	Go	Other Governmental Fund		Total overnmental Funds
Assets								18			
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,001,217	\$	90,342	\$	13,591,594	\$	8,824,915	\$	166,052	\$	35,674,120
Investments	-				2,997,144		+		-		2,997,144
Receivables:											
Interest	414		288		6,531		-		-		7,233
Property taxes	1,425,770		400,970		(*)				-		1,826,740
Accounts receivable	336,096		-		•		-		-		336,096
Intergovernmental	238,859		26,466				855,452		-		1,120,777
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	39,229		-		368,373		24,045		-		431,647
Prepaids	105,780		-		-				-		105,780
Inventories	74,062	_	-		-	_				_	74,062
Total assets	\$ 15,221,427	\$	518,066	\$	16,963,642	\$	9,704,412	\$	166,052	\$	42,573,599
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ 1,282,930	\$		\$	670,713	\$	97,352	\$	-	\$	2,050,995
Salaries payable	429,033		-		-		-		-		429,033
Other current liabilities payable	304,799		-		-		-		-		304,799
Unearned revenue	1,999,770	P. el Lamana	-		-	(SLE	-				1,999,770
Total liabilities	4,016,532		-	_	670,713		97,352		-		4,784,597
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue - taxes	1,284,484	_	364,559	_	-		-			_	1,649,043
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaids	105,780		-		-		-		-		105,780
Inventory	74,062		-		-		_		-		74,062
Restricted:											
Debt service	4		153,507		*		-		-		153,507
Capital improvements	-		-		16,292,929		9,607,060		-		25,899,989
Committed - mitigation maintenance	-				(:=)		-		166,052		166,052
Unassigned	9,740,569		-		-		-		-		9,740,569
Total fund balance	9,920,411	_	153,507		16,292,929	_	9,607,060		166,052	_	36,139,959
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$ 15,221,427	\$	518,066	\$	16,963,642	\$	9,704,412	\$	166,052	\$	42,573,599

#### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 36,139,959
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	223,596,629
Unavailable revenues for those amounts that were not available to pay current period expenditures.	1,649,042
Other long-term items are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the fund statements:	0.740.474
Deferred outflows - pension	9,748,471
Deferred outflow - charge on debt refunding	5,308,527
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest payable	(299,278)
Bonds, FFC and loans payable	(90,064,605)
Compensated absences	(1,105,038)
Net OPEB liability	(297)
Net pension liability	(14,876,982)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 170,096,428

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Bonded Debt Fund		Bond pital Projects Fund		System evelopment arges Fund	Other Governmental Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 29,444,230	\$ 7,096,786	\$	=	\$	+	\$	18	\$ 36,541,016	
Aquatic programs	2,732,311	_		-		_		-	2,732,311	
Tennis center	978,178	-		-		-			978,178	
Sports programs	1,631,316	1.7		-				-	1,631,316	
Recreation programs	5,300,127					-		-	5,300,127	
Grants and sponsorships	570,717	+		236,278		-		-	806,995	
Rents and Leases	635,913	12		-		-		-	635,913	
System development charges	-	-		-		9,631,364		-	9,631,364	
Interest earned	199,811	49,913		150,953		114,615		1,696	516,988	
Charges for services	367,696			-		-		-	367,696	
Miscellaneous revenues	172,235							_	172,235	
Total revenues	42,032,534	 7,146,699		387,231	_	9,745,979	_	1,696	59,314,139	
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Board of Directors	274,731	: -		90		-			274,731	
Administration	2,193,086			H-1		: <del>-</del> -:			2,193,086	
Business and facilities	17,489,302			-					17,489,302	
Park and recreation services	15,022,217			-		-		-	15,022,217	
Capital outlay	5,576,272	-		11,321,225		13,607,246		- E	30,504,743	
Debt service	827,852	7,398,765		-		-		-	8,226,617	
Total expenditures	41,383,460	7,398,765		11,321,225		13,607,246			73,710,696	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	649,074	 (252,066)		(10,933,994)		(3,861,267)		1,696	(14,396,557)	
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1-		-		1,404,391		-	1,404,391	
Proceeds from bonds refunding	_	8,710,000		-		-			8,710,000	
Premiums on bonds refunding	_	1,283,919		4		-		·	1,283,919	
Payment to refunded bonds escrow	-	(9,874,696)		-		-		-	(9,874,696)	
Total other finance sources (uses)	-	 119,223		-		1,404,391		-	1,523,614	
Net change in fund balances	649,074	(132,843)		(10,933,994)		(2,456,876)		1,696	(12,872,943)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	9,271,337	286,350		27,226,923		12,063,936		164,356	49,012,902	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,920,411	\$ 153,507	\$	16,292,929	\$	9,607,060	\$	166,052	\$ 36,139,959	

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Amounto reported for go	Tommonial addition in the equation of the transfer and among the books.	
Net changes in fund bala	ances - total governmental funds	\$ (12,872,943)
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (for capitalized assets) exceeded depreciation in the current period.	24,005,348
	The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(274,956)
	Governmental funds defer revenues that do not provide current financial resources. However, the Statement of Activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable value when earned, regardless of when received.	151,335
	The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bond, loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	5,015,491
	Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
	Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences payable Net OPEB liability Net pension liability and related deferrals	17,575 23,408 18 (336,280)
Change in net position of	f governmental activities	\$ 15,728,996

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget -			
		Original		Final		Amounts		tive (Negative)
Revenues:					_			
Property taxes	\$	29,251,852	\$	29,251,852	\$	29,444,230	\$	192,378
Aquatic programs		3,038,333		3,038,333		2,732,311		(306,022)
Tennis center		1,090,883		1,090,883		978,178		(112,705)
Sports programs		1,583,634		1,583,634		1,631,316		47,682
Recreation programs		5,367,990		5,367,990		5,300,127		(67,863)
Grants and sponsorships		1,620,844		1,620,844		570,717		(1,050,127)
Rents and Leases		574,650		574,650		635,913		61,263
Interest earned		145,000		145,000		199,811		54,811
Charges for services		352,483		352,483		367,696		15,213
Miscellaneous revenues		142,350		142,350		172,235		29,885
Total revenues		43,168,019	_	43,168,019	_	42,032,534		(1,135,485)
Expenditures:								
Board of directors		288,100		288,100		274,731		13,369
Administration		2,379,289		2,379,289		2,193,086		186,203
Business and facilities		20,357,451		20,357,451		18,702,595		1,654,856
Park and recreation services		17,112,547		17,112,547		15,022,217		2,090,330
Capital outlay		7,458,717		7,458,717		5,190,831		2,267,886
Contingency		2,400,000		2,400,000		-		2,400,000
Capital reserve	-	1,700,000		1,700,000		-		1,700,000
Total expenditures		51,696,104	_	51,696,104		41,383,460		10,312,644
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures and changes in fund balance		(8,528,085)		(8,528,085)	_	649,074		9,177,159
Fund balances at beginning of year		8,528,085		8,528,085		9,271,337		743,252
Fund balances at end of year	\$	92	\$	-	\$	9,920,411	\$	9,920,411



## **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District**

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

### I. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### A. Reporting entity

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District (the district) is a special service district governed by an elected five member Board of Directors (the board), and operates as a separate municipal corporation. The district, as a primary government, is a financial reporting entity, which has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), these financial statements present the financial status and activities of the district.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the district.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the district at fiscal year-end.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given division or function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific division or function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to patrons who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given division or function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular division or function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are reported separately to aid in financial management and to help demonstrate legal compliance in use of these funds. Currently, the district has only governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current

period. For this purpose, the district considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the year. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes, received within 60 days, system development impact fees and interest associated with the current year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the district.

Activities between funds, which are similar to lending/borrowing arrangements, are reported as "due to/due from other funds", when outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. Such balances are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

The district reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the district's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The major sources of revenue are property taxes and user fees.

The Bonded Debt Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay principal and interest on certain general obligation long-term bonded debt. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

The Bond Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources received from the voter approved general obligation bond passed in April, 2009. This fund details the acquisition and construction of the approved capital projects, utilizing the bond proceeds.

The System Development Charges Fund accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects. This fund accounts for fees charged developers to provide for expanding capacity of the district's facilities.

The other governmental fund includes the nonmajor fund of the district. The *Mitigation Maintenance Fund* is a special revenue fund that accounts for mitigation funds received from development impacting park property. These funds are accumulated for and committed to use on natural area restoration projects.

#### Flow of resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, normally it is the district's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. However, this flow assumption is determined annually through the budget process, and reflected in the approved appropriations.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position or fund balance

#### 1. Cash, cash equivalents and investments

The cash and cash equivalents of the district are cash on hand, demand deposits and funds invested with the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), with interest accruing to the benefit of each individual fund. The district considers cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents. Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of short-term deposits pledged in lieu of performance bonds for capital projects in progress.

State statutes and the district's investment policy authorize the district to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, municipal bonds, mutual funds and the LGIP. Investments are reported at fair value, based on quoted prices for identical investments.

The LGIP operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the LGIP is equal to cash value. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board (OSTF) and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. While the LGIP is not currently rated by an independent rating agency, the LGIP's holdings provide very strong protection against losses from credit defaults.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Recorded property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements. The remaining balance is recorded as deferred inflows of resources (unavailable revenue) because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period in the fund financial statements. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property and are substantially collected through foreclosure. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15 and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

#### 3. Inventory and prepaid items

Inventories, consisting of expendable maintenance and program supplies, are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in, first-out method. The cost of inventory is recorded as an expenditure/expense when consumed, rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption, rather than when purchased.

#### 4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, furnishings, improvements and intangible assets such as software, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The district defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in the government-wide statements as projects are constructed. All capital outlay is recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Property, improvements, equipment and intangible assets are depreciated using the straight line method in the government-wide financial statements over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Park sites and planning development	20-50
Equipment and furnishings	5
Intangible assets	5

#### 5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, another financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The items that qualify in this category are the deferred charges from refunding, the employer contributions to the Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan) after the measurement date, the measurement experience related to the Plan, and the net differences between projected and actual investment earnings related to the Plan; all four reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred charges, resulting from the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources* represents acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period, and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The district has unavailable revenue, property taxes, that qualify for reporting in this category in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### 6. Unearned revenue

Governmental funds recognize unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. The government-wide financial statements and governmental funds balance sheet report unearned revenue only for amounts that are received but not earned, relating to payments for recreation programs that occur July 1 or after.

#### 7. Compensated absences

District policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the district does not have a policy to pay any amounts to employees upon separation of service. All vacation and compensatory pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing

sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based on the constraints imposed on the use of resources as reported in governmental funds. The five fund balance classifications are described below:

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form because they are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties
  for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant or donor requirements, other
  governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a
  particular purpose. The board may set, modify or rescind commitments by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by expressed intent to
  use resources for a specific purpose that do not meet the criteria to be classified as
  restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the board or designee to whom that
  authority has been given by the board, normally the General Manager or Director of
  Business and Facilities.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The board has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

To ensure financial stability, the board has adopted a policy stating that the minimum level of ending fund balance will be at least 10 percent of operating expenditures in the year. In any year in which the district is not at the targeted fund level, the budgeted contingency will be increased by 1 percent of property tax revenues.

### II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

# A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(90,064,605) difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ (73,280,000)
Plus: Issuance premiums (to be amortized over life of debt)	(7,522,769)
Full faith and credit obligations	(8,890,000)
Plus: Issuance premiums (to be amortized over life of debt)	(17,017)
Loans payable	(354,819)
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance – total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$ (90,064,605)

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the governmentwide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliations between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$24,005,348 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay (for capitalized assets)	\$ 29,909,136
Depreciation expense	(5,903,788)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 24.005.348

Another element of that reconciliation states "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of this \$(274,956) difference are as follows:

Donations of capital assets increase the net position in the statement of net position, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	\$ 183,675
All proceeds from sale of capital assets are included in governmental funds, whereas the statement of activities includes only the amount of gain/loss on the sales. The change in net positions differs by the book value of the assets sold.	(458,631)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	

of governmental activities

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$5,015,491 difference are as follows:

\$ (274,956)

Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	\$ 4,160,000
Other long-term debt	276,876
Amortization of premiums	1,107,845
Amortization of deferred charges on refundings	(410,007)
Deferred charge on refunding	1,254,696
Premiums issued	(1,283,919)
Proceeds from bonds issued	(8,710,000)
Debt refunded	8,620,000
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 5,015,491

### III.Stewardship, compliance and accountability

#### A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are prepared for each fund in accordance with a modified accrual basis of accounting and with the legal requirements set forth in the Oregon Local Budget Law. The district budgets each governmental fund type on a modified accrual basis. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund set the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end. On or before the third week of February, departmental budgets are submitted to management for compilation of the proposed budget document. Initial budget review meetings begin in April, with the final public hearing and adoption completed before June 30 of each year.

Governmental fund budgets are established in accordance with state law, and are adopted on a fund level except the General Fund. The General Fund budget is adopted on an organizational unit level. Organizational units are the levels of control for all funds established by the resolution. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned appropriation levels. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriations transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the board.

#### IV. Detailed notes on all funds

#### A. Cash, cash equivalents and investments

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits and deposits in the LGIP, as authorized by Oregon statutes.

At June 30, 2017, the district had the following cash, cash equivalents and investments at fair value:

Demand deposits	\$	457,309
Commercial paper		947,218
Investments in the State Treasurer's		
Local Government Investment Pool	3	34,701,240
Government and agency obligations	( <del></del>	2,997,144
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 3	9.102.911

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,674,120
Investments	2,997,144
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments – restricted	431,647
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 39,102,911

The district categorizes its investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair value Measurement and Application, which was implemented by the district for the 2015-16 fiscal year, provides a fair value hierarchy based on valuation inputs to measure the fair value of the investment. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Assets Valued at Fair Value as of June 30, 2017:

			Level 1
Commercial paper Government and agency obligations		\$	947,218 2,997,144
Total		\$	3,944,362
Current investments ratings are:			Weighted Average
			Maturity
	Moody's Aaa	-	(years)
Government and Agency Obligations	\$ 2,997,144		.25
The LGIP is unrated.			

#### A. Interest rate risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the district manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity to ensure securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities or short-term investment pools.

Investments in the LGIP are stated at share value, which approximates fair value, and is the value at which the shares can be withdrawn. The LGIP does not report all investments at fair value in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31. The LGIP is required by Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) to compute the fair value of all investments maturing more than 270 days from the date the computation is made. If the fair value totals more than one percent of the balance of the LGIP in terms of unrealized gain or loss, the amount is required to be distributed to the pool participants. Fifty percent of the LGIP portfolio must mature within 93 days. Up to 25% of the LGIP portfolio may mature in over one year and no investment may mature in over three years. At June 30, 2017, the district's share of the amount of unrealized gain reported by the LGIP was considered immaterial.

#### B. Credit risk

As incorporated into the district's investment policy, State statute allows the district to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, municipal bonds, commercial paper of at least an A1/A+ rating, and the LGIP among others. The district's investments in U.S. government securities are not required to be rated.

#### C. Concentration of credit risk

The district's investment policy stipulates diversification of investments by limiting over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities), limiting investment in high credit risk securities, investing with varying maturities, and maintaining a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the district is required to report all individual non-federal investments, which exceed 5% of total invested funds. As of June 30, 2017, the district did not hold any non-federal investments exceeding 5% of invested funds.

#### D. Custodial credit risk - deposits

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The combined total bank balance is \$575,551. Of these deposits, \$250,000 is covered by federal depository insurance. As required by Oregon Revised Statues, deposits in excess of federal depository insurance were held at a qualified depository for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer.

#### E. Custodial credit risk - investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district's investment policy minimizes this risk by investing in the safest securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers, diversifying the portfolio and actively monitoring the holdings for ratings changes and market conditions.

### B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 94,180,067	\$ 11,016,649	\$ (458,631)	\$ 104,738,085
Construction in progress	9,588,432	23,979,002	(14,079,748)	19,487,686
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	103,768,499	34,995,651	(14,538,379)	124,225,771
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Parks sites and planning development	83,936,776	5,105,249	-	89,042,025
Buildings and improvements	68,572,066	3,609,717		72,181,783
Equipment and furnishings	7,348,305	353,286	(25,949)	7,675,642
Intangible assets	233,107	108,655	-	341,762
Total capital assets being depreciated	160,090,254	9,176,907	(25,949)	169,241,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Park sites and planning development	(30,801,990)	(3,717,019)	-	(34,519,009)
Buildings and improvements	(26,686,121)	(1,753,019)	2	(28,439,140)
Equipment and furnishings	(6,297,836)	(410,482)	25,949	(6,682,369)
Intangible assets	(206,568)	(23,268)	-	(229,836)
	(63,992,515)	(5,903,788)	25,949	(69,870,354)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	96,097,739	3,273,119		99,370,858
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 199,866,238	\$ 38,268,770	\$ (14,538,379)	\$ 223,596,629

Depreciation expense of \$5,903,788 for governmental activities was charged to the Business and Facilities function.

The district has the following significant construction commitments related to a single project begun prior to June 30, 2017:

		Commitments Made Before	1	Commitments Made After		Total
Aquatic Center Renovation – Phase II	1	June 30, 2017	-	June 30, 2017	(	Commitments
Aquatic Center Renovation – Phase II	\$	48,678	\$	1,609,800	\$	1,658,478

#### C. Long-term debt

The table below presents current year changes in long-term debt, and the current portions due for each issue.

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Amortization/ ase Repayments				Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds		 		10-50-10-00-00				
Series 2009	\$ 6,525,000	\$ -	\$	1,990,000	\$	4,535,000	\$	2,170,000
Series 2011	33,360,000	-		10,190,000		23,170,000		1,685,000
Series 2015	37,465,000	-		600,000		36,865,000		665,000
Series 2016	-	8,710,000		-		8,710,000		-
plus premium	7,341,847	1,283,919		1,102,997		7,522,769		1,082,122
Full Faith & Credit								
Series 2006	485,000	(m)		110,000		375,000		120,000
Series 2010A	1,355,000	-		45,000		1,310,000		50,000
Series 2010B	6,820,000	-		-		6,820,000		-
Series 2010C	480,000	-		95,000		385,000		100,000
plus premium	21,865	-		4,848		17,017		4,014
Loans								
<b>Energy Savings Contract</b>	381,695	-		26,876		354,819		27,686
Compensated Absences	1,128,446	996,570		1,019,978		1,105,038		727,325
	\$ 95,363,853	\$ 10,990,489	\$	15,184,699	\$	91,169,643	\$	6,631,147

#### General Obligations Bonds

The district issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and improvements. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the district.

General obligations bonds, Series 2009 were issued on April 2, 2009 as the first series of the \$100 million voter approved 2008 bond measure in the amount of \$58,505,000, to finance land acquisition, improvements and development of parks and facilities, along with rehabilitation and acquisition of natural areas throughout the district. Stated interest rates for specific maturities ranged from 3.00% to 4.75%, in accordance with the terms agreed at issuance. The bonds are paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of twenty years. General obligations bonds, Series 2011 were issued on September 13, 2011 in the amount of \$40,060,000, as the second series of the 2008 bond measure, to complete the voter approved list of acquisitions and projects. Stated interest rates for specific maturities ranged from 2.00% to 4.00%, in accordance with the terms agreed at issuance. The bonds are paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of eighteen years.

On May 5, 2015, the district issued \$37,880,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. From the proceeds, \$1,435,000 fulfilled the final series of the 2008 bond measure, and the balance was used to advance refund \$38,340,000, a portion of the Series 2009 general obligation issue. The net proceeds of \$43,401,471 (including a \$6,987,825 premium and payment of \$222,658 in closing costs) along with \$850,725 in resources were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, this portion of the Series 2009 bond is considered defeased and the liability was removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$4,840,819. This amount is amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The bonds will be paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of fourteen years.

Finally, on October 12, 2016, the district issued \$8,710,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates between 3.0% and 4.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$8,620,000 of the Series 2011 general obligation issue allowing the district to achieve an economic gain of \$723,055 from this refunding. The net proceeds of \$9,874,696 (including a \$1,283,919 premium and payment of \$119,223 in closing costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agent to provide funds for future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, this portion of the Series 2011 bond is considered defeased and the liability was removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,254,696. This amount is amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The bonds will be paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of twelve years.

#### Full Faith and Credit Obligations

On December 21, 2006, the district issued \$2,430,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2006. Proceeds were used to advance refund the Certificates of Participation, Series 1997, and the Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 1997 and Series 2000. The coupon rates on Series 2006 ranged from 4.0% to 5.0% for specific maturities, in accordance with the terms agreed at issuance. These obligations are subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to the stated maturity dates.

On July 20, 2010, the district issued \$1,695,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2010A. Proceeds were used to provide funding for the purchase and implementation of various energy conservation measures. Stated coupon rates for specific maturities ranged from 2.0% to 4.2%, in accordance with the terms agreed at issuance. The bonds are paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of 21 years. Subsequent utility savings will offset future debt service costs over the life of the issue.

On November 30, 2010, the district issued \$7,815,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, to finance the acquisition, construction and renovation of a new maintenance facility and related capital projects, centrally located within district boundaries. The bonds were issued as Series 2010B and 2010C, for \$6,820,000 and \$995,000, respectively. Series 2010B was issued on a taxable basis, with a Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond subsidy associated with the issue. The stated coupon rates on specific maturities range from 5.25% to 6.741%, with a subsidy rate of 45% on the total interest cost, for the term of the bonds. Series 2010B bonds are paid annually, with principal payments commencing after ten years in 2021, for a thirty year term. Interest payments will be semi-annually, commencing in 2011, over a term of 30 years. Because a portion of the new warehouse may be leased to a for-profit enterprise, Series 2010C was issued on a taxable basis with stated coupon rates on specific maturities ranging from 1.064% to 4.972%, in accordance with the terms agreed at issuance. Series 2010C bonds are paid annually, with interest payments semi-annually, over a term of 11 years.

#### Loans Payable

On February 15, 2013, the district borrowed \$457,100 for the purchase and implementation of various continued energy conservation measures. This loan bears an interest rate of 2.99%, and is payable over fifteen years. This loan is not collateralized.

Annual principal requirements for all issues are as follows:

Year ending		General Obli	gation Series		Full Faith & Credit Series					
June 30,	2009	2011	2015	2016	2006	2010A	2010B	2010C	Loans	Total
Principal	-				7725					
2018	\$2,170,000	\$ 1,685,000	\$ 665,000	\$ -	\$120,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 27,686	\$ 4,817,686
2019	2,365,000	1,820,000	715,000		125,000	55,000		100,000	28,520	5,208,520
2020	*	1,985,000	3,325,000		130,000	60,000	-	105,000	29,378	5,634,378
2021	2	2,155,000	3,645,000	_		70,000	165,000	80,000	30,264	6,145,264
2022		2,315,000	3,980,000			75,000	255,000		31,175	6,656,175
2023-2027	-	8,040,000	24,535,000	6,480,000		480,000	1,400,000		170,543	41,105,543
2028-2032		5,170,000		2,230,000		520,000	1,655,000		37,253	9,612,253
2033-2037		(4)		141		*:	1,975,000		€	1,975,000
2038-2042							1,370,000			1,370,000
	\$4,535,000	\$23,170,000	\$ 36,865,000	\$8,710,000	\$ 375,000	\$1,310,000	\$6,820,000	\$ 385,000	\$ 354,819	\$ 82,524,819

Annual interest requirements for all issues are as follows:

Year ending				General Obl	igation Series						Full Faith &	Cred	it Series						
June 30,	2009		2009 2011		2015		2016		2006		2010A		2010B		2010C		Loans		Total
Interest														2121					
2018	\$	158,725	\$	818,506	\$ 1,716,300	\$	292,550	\$	18,750	\$	51,270	\$	436,918	\$	17,630	\$	10,404	\$	3,521,053
2019		82,775		767,956	1,689,700		292,550		12,750		49,695		436,918		13,458		9,570		3,355,372
2020				695,156	1,668,250		292,550		6,500		47,970		436,918		8,936		8,710		3,164,990
2021				615,756	1,502,000		292,550		-		45,670		436,918		3,978		7,826		2,904,698
2022		2		551,106	1,319,750		292,550				42,770		428,256		-		6,914		2,641,346
2023-2027				1,555,525	3,257,250		1,337,750				161,835	39	1,924,090				19,904		8,256,354
2028-2032				360,000			66,900				44,100	-	1,461,778				838		1,933,616
2033-2037		-											871,275		-				871,275
2038-2042													187,065						187,065
	\$	241,500	\$	5,364,005	\$11,153,250	\$	2,867,400	\$	38,000	\$	443,310	\$ (	6,620,136	\$	44,002	\$	64,166	\$	26,835,769
			-			-										_		-	

#### Compensated Absences

The district's compensated absences of \$1,105,038 are liquidated by the General Fund.

#### Short-term Debt

On July 12, 2016, the district entered into an agreement for a Taxable Non-Revolving Line of Credit with a maximum amount of \$6,000,000 in order to continue operations of the general government prior to receipt of annual tax revenues. The district drew \$2,000,000 on this line of credit on October 24, 2016. The amount was repaid in full on December 12, 2016 including interest at a rate of 1.95%.

#### V. Other information

#### A. Defined benefit pension plan

The district maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan ("plan") trusteed by The Standard Insurance Company. The plan provides retirement and death benefits (pre-retirement) to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial statement. The plan's authority for vesting and benefit provisions is provided by the Plan Agreement (last restatement July 1, 2012) and is governed by the district's Board of Directors. Amendments to the plan require approval of the Board of Directors.

#### General information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

Within the plan, Tier I, a defined benefit plan, applies to all full-time employees hired before July 1, 2010, and is now closed to new enrollment. Tier II, a hybrid plan consisting of two components, applies to all full-time employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, and all regular part-time (RPT) employees. The two components are the employer paid pension fund and an Individual Account Program (IAP). Employees in both Tier I and Tier II were/are eligible for participation in the plan after six months of service.

Membership in the Plan as of July 1, 2016 was:

Group	Tier I	Tier II
Active participants	115	66
Terminated	15	7
Retired receiving medical premium benefits	12	_
Total	142	73

#### Benefits Provided

The Tier I normal retirement benefit, as authorized by the Board of Directors, is equal to 1.9% of the participant's average monthly earnings multiplied by the years and months of employment with the district. Normal retirement age is 58, or an employee may elect early retirement at a reduced benefit of 5% per year after age 55 with ten years of service. Active participants that have reached normal retirement age (58) and accrued 20 years of benefit service may elect to receive an "in-service" distribution of the benefits accrued to the date of distribution. Tier I retiring employees may choose between several annuity options or a single lump sum benefit payment.

The Tier II normal retirement benefit is equal to 1.5% of the participant's average monthly earnings multiplied by the years and months of employment with the district. Normal retirement age is 65, or an employee may elect early retirement at a reduced benefit of 5% per year after age 55 with ten years of service. Retiring employees may choose between several annuity options. There is no "in-service" distribution or single lump sum benefit payment allowed within the Tier II plan.

Average monthly earnings are based upon eligible compensation paid during the 36 consecutive month period which produces the highest average. For Tier I participants only, eligible compensation also includes upon termination or in-service distribution, 100% of unused vacation leave, and upon retirement including in-service distribution, 50% of unused sick leave.

The plan does not have a disability benefit, but a participant qualified under a program administered by the Social Security Administration will continue to earn vesting service credits during the period of disability. In the event of death prior to retirement, an amount equal to the present value of the vested accrued benefit will be paid. Death benefits paid post-retirement are provided only by the annuity form elected at the time of retirement. Terminated employees who have completed five years of vesting service are entitled to receive a vested monthly benefit starting at normal retirement date. A participant is always 100% vested in mandatory/IAP and voluntary employee accounts.

Benefit terms allow the plan administrator to periodically apply a cost of living adjustment (COLA) up to 2% (or negative 2%) to amounts being distributed to retirees. In no event shall the amount of any participant's monthly benefit be less than would have been paid had no COLA been applied.

### Contributions

The plan is funded by a combination of employer and employee contributions. The terms of the plan dictate that employee contributions are made on a pre-tax basis at a rate of 6% of eligible earnings for both Tier I and Tier II. Per board direction, the employer contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate to contribute whatever amounts are required in addition to employee contributions, to provide benefits and pay expenses of the plan. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2016, the district contribution was 26.32% (a blended rate for both plans) of annual covered budgeted payroll for 2015/16. Total actual contributions to the plan for the year ended as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 totaled \$3,288,096 which is 26.7% of annual covered payroll of \$12,331,990. Pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$2,925,659.

Tier I participants may make voluntary contributions up to a maximum of 10% of monthly salary. Tier II participants may make voluntary contributions up to a maximum of 25% of their earnings. Benefits derived from such contributions are in addition to other Plan benefits. Both mandatory and voluntary contributions are fully vested at all times.

#### Net Pension Liability

#### **Actuarial Valuation Assumptions**

The total pension liability reported as of June 30, 2017, with a measurement date of June 30, 2016, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions from the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Mortality assumptions	RP-2000 (combined)
Discount rate	7.0%
Salary growth assumption	4.0%
Inflation (post retirement COLA)	2.0%
Investment rate of return (net of expenses)	7.0%

Discount rate - the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the district contributions will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Investment rate of return - the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	65%	6.00%
Fixed income	35%	2.00%

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following table presents the changes in the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 based on the measurement date of June 30, 2016:

Increase (Decrease)								
Т	otal Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability					
\$	34,496,738	\$ 23,527,554	\$ 10,969,184					
	1,489,089		1,489,089					
	2,408,620	-	2,408,620					
	3,112,507	-	3,112,507					
	-	3,288,096	(3,288,096)					
	-	(73,994)	73,994					
	(9,378,957)	(9,378,957)	-					
	-	(111,684)	111,684					
-	(2,368,741)	(6,276,539)	3,907,798					
\$	32,127,997	\$ 17,251,015	\$ 14,876,982					
		Total Pension Liability  \$ 34,496,738  1,489,089 2,408,620  3,112,507 - (9,378,957) - (2,368,741)	Total Pension					

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability calculation to a one percent increase or decrease in the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability:

			Discount		
	1	% Decrease	Rate	1	% Increase
		(6%)	(7%)		(8%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	20,631,051	\$ 14,876,982	\$	10,102,467

Pension Expense/(Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the Pension Plan For the year ended June 30, 2017, the district recognized pension expense of \$2,925,659. The following table presents the components of deferred outflows of resources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual earnings on investments	\$ 1,883,160
Contributions after measurement date	3,384,945
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of total pension liability	4,480,366
Total	\$ 9,748,471

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$3,384,945 resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

The following table, excluding the district contributions subsequent to measurement date, presents the future amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources to be recognized in pension expense:

-	Deferred outflows of Resources
\$	1,142,902
	1,142,902
	1,437,092
	1,014,266
	713,500
	912,864
\$	6,363,526
	_F

#### B. Other post employment benefits (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

The district administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan per the requirements of the collective bargaining agreement. The plan provides the opportunity for postretirement healthcare insurance for eligible retirees from the Tier I plan, and their spouses, through the district's group health care insurance plan, which covers both active and retired participants.

The plan, as authorized by the board, provides a Tier I participant who terminates employment the monthly benefit of \$10 per year of benefit service, with a minimum monthly benefit of \$60, and a maximum monthly benefit of \$200. This benefit is payable from retirement to age 65, at which point the monthly benefit will be reduced to one-half the original benefit, with a minimum of \$60. In no event will the monthly medical premium benefit be greater than the actual medical premium. This medical premium benefit is payable for life, and is extended to retirees selecting the lump sum benefit retirement payment option. The benefits may be amended by the board.

#### **Funding Policy**

The district does not pay any portion of the health insurance premium for retirees; however the retirees do receive benefits, as described below, through the district's retirement plan. Also, retirees receive an implicit benefit of a tiered healthcare premium at the same rate provided to active employees. Retirees may not convert either benefit into an in-lieu payment to secure coverage under independent plans. At June 30, 2017, 36 retirees were receiving post-employment healthcare benefits.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB (Benefit) Obligation

The district's annual other postemployment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability or excess over a period not to exceed 30 years. For 2017, the district's annual OPEB cost was less than the required contribution due to a recalculation of the ARC after funding had been remitted for the year. IRS regulations do not allow adjustments to the OPEB plan once payment has been received; therefore, an overpayment (benefit) resulted in application towards the following year.

The district's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB benefit to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligations	\$	24,751 22
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-	(40)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made		24,733 (24,751)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB (benefit) obligations Net OPEB (benefit) obligations beginning of year Net OPEB (benefit) obligations end of year	\$	(18) 315 297

The district's annual OPEB cost, the percentage contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligations are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Ann	ual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB efit) Obligation
06/30/17	\$	24,733	100.1%	\$ 297
06/30/16		30,644	73.2%	315
06/30/15		10,994	172.0%	(7,903)

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 99.8 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.7 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1.7 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability of approximately \$3,854. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5.8 million, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability to the covered payroll was 0.1 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liability for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, claims costs and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

In the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, the aggregate actuarial cost method was used to determine the ARC. The actuarial assumptions included an investment rate of return (net of expenses) of 7.00%. The valuation of assets is based on market value as of the first day of the plan year, increased by the amount of any accrued contributions and decreased by the amount of any accrued expenses. Because of the limitation on monthly benefits within the plan, the healthcare cost trend is not a factor in the valuation of the medical component. An assumption is made that all retirees will receive the maximum benefit amount, so healthcare cost increases or decreases, would have no impact.

Because the aggregate actuarial cost method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities, information about funded status and funding progress has been prepared using the entry age actuarial cost method for that purpose, and the information presented is intended to approximate the funding progress of the plan. In consideration of healthcare cost trends, the plan assumes that each newly retired participant will purchase medical insurance with premiums of at least the benefit provided by the plan. The amortization period was considered closed, meaning all active participants, inactive participants with vested benefits and retired participants receiving medical insurance premium benefits were included in the valuation period.

#### C. Risk management

The district is a member of Special Districts Insurance Services (SDIS). The Special Districts Association of Oregon created SDIS in 1984 for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and/or jointly contracting for risk management services. SDIS has over 800 members, and is governed by a five member board of directors who are elected to three-year terms. In-house services of SDIS include risk management consultation, claims and litigation administration, investigation and loss analyses. SDIS contracts for specialists in land use problems and lobbyist services.

SDIS is fully funded by its members, who pay annual assessments on an experience rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, and administrative expenses. New members initially contract for a one-year term, and thereafter automatically renew on an annual basis. Termination does not relieve a former member from its unresolved loss history incurred during membership. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### D. Commitments and contingencies

The district has no pending litigation, nor has it been made aware of any legal concerns, that may have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the district.

The district has a three year contract, effective July 1, 2016, with an employee union defining compensation and other considerations that expires at June 30, 2019.

On January 21, 2011, the district entered into an operating lease agreement with Peregrine Sports, LLC, doing business as the Portland Timbers (the Timbers), a professional soccer team, to lease a portion of the Fanno Creek Service Center facility for an initial term beginning July 1, 2011 and ending June 30, 2021. The Timbers initially occupied 6,000 square feet of the facility for a locker room, training area and office space, along with land underlying the Timbers practice field. The contract was amended on January 2, 2013 to add an additional 900 square feet of the facility. On September 23, 2014, the district entered into the third amendment of the operating lease agreement to add an additional 2,400 square feet of interior space and expand usage of the synthetic turf field located at the Fanno Creek Service Center facility. Then, on June 7, 2017, the contract was amended to add an additional 12,833 square feet of interior space for expanded locker rooms, training and maintenance equipment space. Peregrine will pay \$143,290 per year for interior space and \$67,500 for field space for the balance of the initial term, due by December 31 of each year.

The Fanno Creek Service Center facility contains 90,000 square feet of interior space and was purchased and renovated at a cost of \$8.9 million in 2011-2012. Total annual depreciation expense for the facility is \$184,100 and the net carrying value as of June 30, 2017 is approximately \$7.8 million. The synthetic turf practice field was purchased and constructed at a cost of \$2.1 million in 2014. Total annual depreciation for the constructed field is \$57,000 and the carrying value of the land and the constructed field approximates \$1.8 million.

Lease payments for the balance of the term are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Timbers
2018	210,790
2019	210,790
2020	210,790
2021	210,790
	\$ 843,160

#### E. Tax Abatements

The district is subject to two property tax abatements granted by Washington County and one granted by the City of Beaverton, as allowed by State of Oregon Statutes.

Under the Enterprise Zone Exemption (ORS 285C.175), businesses locating or expanding into specific local enterprise zones are eligible for up to three years of tax exemptions for 100 percent of the qualified property's assessed value. The purpose of this program is to enhance and encourage local business investment opportunities.

Under the Nonprofit Corporation Low Income Housing exemption (ORS 307.541), properties held by nonprofit corporations and used to provide low-income housing are eligible for tax exemptions. To qualify for the exemptions, the property must be held by a corporation qualified under section 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal Revenue Code and occupied by low-income persons or held for future development of low-income housing. This exemption will expire upon repeal of the statute, on June 30, 2027. The purpose of this program is to benefit low-income renters by encouraging construction and rehabilitation of qualified low-income rental housing.

	Amount of Tax Abated during Fiscal Year 2017 Washington City of County Beaverton Tota				
	Washington	City of			
	County	Beaverton	Total		
Tax Abatement Program:					
Enterprise Zone	\$ 17,000		\$ 17,000		
Nonprofit Corporation Low Income Housing	\$ 31,000	\$ 16,400	\$ 47,400		
were as to the early substituted in the substitute and trained SEA - 10 Virial for the SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA	\$ 48,000	\$ 16,400	\$ 64,400		

#### F. Subsequent Events

The district issued a Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note, Series 2017, in the amount of \$5,000,000 on July 19, 2017 to continue operations of the general government prior to receipt of annual tax revenue. These notes mature December 29, 2017 and bear interest at a rate of 1.14%.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability:			
Service cost	\$ 1,489,089	\$ 1,440,139	\$ 1,212,449
Interest	2,408,620	2,319,600	2,114,196
Benefit payments	(9,378,957)	(1,920,016)	(4,052,930)
Difference between expected and actual experience	3,112,507	(#X)	2,366,480
Effect of plan changes	-	14:	-
Effect of changes in assumptions	-	2 <u>4</u> 7	-
Effect of economic/demographic			
(gains) or losses			-
Net change in total pension liability	(2,368,741)	1,839,723	1,640,195
Total pension liability, beginning	34,496,738	32,657,015	31,016,820
Total pension liability, ending	32,127,997	34,496,738	32,657,015
Plan fiduciary net position:			
Total contributions	3,288,096	3,103,438	3,191,093
Net investment income	(73,994)	(471,679)	2,972,365
Benefit payments	(9,378,957)	(1,920,016)	(3,999,039)
Administrative expense	(111,684)	(111,881)	(104,035)
Net change in plan net position	(6,276,539)	599,862	2,060,384
Plan net position, beginning	23,527,554	22,927,692	20,867,308
Plan net position, ending	17,251,015	23,527,554	22,927,692
Net pension liability	\$ 14,876,982	\$ 10,969,184	\$ 9,729,323
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of			
total pension liability	53.7%	68.2%	70.2%
Covered payroll	\$ 12,331,990	\$ 13,874,307	\$ 12,442,910
Net pension liability as a percent			
of covered payroll	120.6%	79.1%	78.2%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions

	2017			2016	2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions recognized by the plan	\$	3,384,945 3,384,945	\$	3,286,864 3,286,864	\$	3,098,289 3,098,289	\$	3,191,093 3,191,093
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	13,159,789	\$	12,331,990	\$	13,874,307	\$	12,442,910
Contributions as a percent of covered payroll		25.7%		26.7%		22.3%		25.6%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Measurement Date:

July 1, 2015

June 30, 2016

Actuarial determined contribution method:

Actuarial cost method:

Actuarial cost method:

Entry age normal

Amortization method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period: Eight years

Inflation (post retirement COLA)2.0%Discount rate7.0%Salary growth assumption:4.0%Investment rate of return (net of expenses):7.0%

Mortality assumptions: RP-2000 (combined)

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Present Value of Future Benefits (b)	D	ifference (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	Difference as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/2015	\$ 1,516,984	\$ 1,767,551	\$	250,567	85.8	3%	\$ 7,487,102	3.3%
6/30/2016	1,531,406	1,677,947		146,541	91.3	3%	6,271,134	2.3%
6/30/2017	1,653,582	1,657,436		3,854	99.8	3%	5,817,055	0.1%

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts		Antural		ance with
	Original		Final		Actual mounts		l Budget- e (Negative)
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:						d -	
Part time salaries	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	
Payroll taxes	300		300	•	255	•	45
Personnel services	3,300		3,300		3,255	-	45
Professional services	192,200		192,200		191,728	-	472
Technical services	15,500		15,500		3,977		11,523
Office supplies	3,000		3,000		1,453		1,547
Dues and memberships	3,000		3,000		4,500		(1,500)
Conferences	25,600		25,600		22,571		3,029
Other travel	12,500		12,500				12,500
Materials and services	251,800		251,800		224,229	-	27,571
Elections	33,000		33,000		47,247	-	(14,247
Total Board of Directors	288,100	-	288,100		274,731		13,369
Total Board of Directors	200,100		200,100		214,101		10,000
ADMINISTRATION:							
General Manager	202 202		202 202		207 000		44 477
Full time salaries	302,299		302,299		287,822		14,477
Employee benefits	107,624		107,624		107,098		526
Payroll taxes	21,657		21,657		20,423		1,234
Personnel services	431,580		431,580		415,343		16,237
Telecommunications	9,300		9,300		6,881		2,419
Office supplies	4,500		4,500		4,053		447
Program supplies	8,000		8,000		3,791		4,209
Dues and memberships	18,000		18,000		12,454		5,546
Conferences	18,324		18,324		10,404		7,920
Technical training	6,550		6,550		32,769		(26,219
Staff transportation	8,000		8,000		7,800		200
Materials and services	72,674		72,674		78,152	-	(5,478
Total General Manager	504,254	_	504,254	-	493,495	-	10,759
Communications and Outreach	440.004		440.204		400.000		44.400
Full time salaries	448,394		448,394		433,968		14,426
Part time salaries	44,705		44,705		44,726		(21
Employee benefits	185,203		185,203		184,486		717
Payroll taxes	41,834		41,834		40,935		899
Personnel services	720,136		720,136		704,115		16,021
Professional services	79,500		79,500		83,563		(4,063)
Technical services	72,340		72,340		12,389		59,951
Telecommunications	407.000		407.000		289		(289
Printing and publications	167,902		167,902		132,067		35,835
Postage	95,225		95,225		90,250		4,975
Advertising	81,275		81,275		69,149		12,126
Office supplies	9,700		9,700		11,846		(2,146
Program supplies	8,900		8,900		5,562		3,338
Dues and memberships	7,004		7,004		5,653		1,351
Conferences	8,000		8,000		6,239		1,761
Technical training	500		500		0.054		500
Staff transportation	4,940		4,940		3,954		986
Small furniture and equipment	2,000	_	2,000		420.004		2,000
Materials and services	537,286		537,286	-	420,961	0	116,325
Total Communications and Outreach	1,257,422		1,257,422		1,125,076		132,346

	89 <del>7</del>	Budgeted	Amo	unts				ance with
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Final Budget- Positive (Negative	
ADMINISTRATION (continued):			7				77-	
Security Operations								
Full time salaries	\$	100,737	\$	100,737	\$	101,220	\$	(483)
Part time salaries		118,422		118,422		106,783		11,639
Employee benefits		42,789		42,789		45,056		(2,267)
Payroll taxes		22,418		22,418		21,646		772
Personnel services		284,366		284,366		274,705		9,661
Technical services	-	87,121		87,121		67,960		19,161
Maintenance services		11,648		11,648		10,580		1,068
Printing and publications		165		165		-		165
Telecommunications		2,547		2,547		2,297		250
Office supplies		400		400		284		116
Program supplies		7,203		7,203		5,269		1,934
Dues and memberships		100		100		-		100
Conferences		225		225		-		225
Technical training		200		200		65		135
Staff transportation		150		150		-		150
Small furniture and equipment		450		450		-		450
Materials and services		110,209	-	110,209		86,455	-	23,754
<b>Total Security Operations</b>		394,575		394,575		361,160		33,415
Community Partnerships								
Full time salaries		139,239		139,239		134,532		4,707
Employee benefits		30,679		30,679		30,201		478
Payroll taxes		10,700		10,700		10,770		(70)
Personnel services		180,618		180,618		175,503		5,115
Professional services	·	37,620	-	37,620		34,252		3,368
Technical services		1,200		1,200		-		1,200
Staff transportation		3,600		3,600		3,600		,,200
Materials and services		42,420	-	42,420		37,852		4,568
Total Community Partnerships		223,038		223,038		213,355		9,683
Total Administration		2,379,289		2,379,289		2,193,086		186,203
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES:								
Director of Business and Facilities								
Full time salaries		340,355		340,355		366,532		(26,177)
Employee benefits		135,552		135,552		141,527		(5,975)
Payroll taxes	72	26,461		26,461	-	28,437		(1,976)
Personnel services	1	502,368	10000000	502,368		536,496		(34,128)
Professional services		6,400		6,400		11,304		(4,904)
Technical services		146,000		146,000		47,316		98,684
Rental equipment		42,000		42,000		38,798		3,202
Bank charges and fees		6,250		6,250		2,800		3,450
Printing and publications		5,000		5,000		2,875		2,125
Postage		57,200		57,200		22,575		34,625
Advertising		2,450		2,450		1,677		773
Telecommunications		6,000		6,000		3,538		2,462
Office supplies		49,200		49,200		21,979		27,221
Dues and memberships		3,580		3,580		3,020		560
- A.						13,500		3,650
Conferences		17,150		17,150		1.5.5000		.3 DOLL

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
	Original		Amounts	Tositive (riegative)
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES (continued):				
Director of Business and Facilities (continued):	¢ 5,500	¢ 5.500	¢ 4700	A 077
Staff transportation	\$ 5,580	\$ 5,580	\$ 4,703	\$ 877
Other travel	6,000	6,000	4 400	6,000
Small furniture and equipment	1,500	1,500	1,433	67
Materials and services	356,310	356,310	176,152 276,876	180,158
Debt principal Debt interest	276,876 696,317	276,876		145 244
Debt service	973,193	696,317 973,193	550,976	145,341
Debt service		- TASIA (1505)	827,852	145,341
Total Director of Business and Facilities	1,831,871	1,831,871	1,540,500	291,371
Finance				
Full time salaries	429,609	429,609	409,122	20,487
Employee benefits	172,165	172,165	191,332	(19,167)
Payroll taxes	37,039	37,039	35,224	1,815
Personnel services	638,813	638,813	635,678	3,135
Professional services	14,400	14,400	13,732	668
Technical services	3,885	3,885	2,089	1,796
Bank charges and fees	18,000	18,000	17,091	909
Printing and publications	3,170	3,170	1,949	1,221
Advertising	-	-	225	(225)
Telecommunications	-	-	493	(493)
Office supplies	1,075	1,075	625	450
Dues and memberships	520	520	665	(145)
Conferences	5,000	5,000	2,664	2,336
Technical training	1,775	1,775	3,079	(1,304)
Staff transportation	300	300	88	212
Small furniture and equipment	500	500	44	456
Materials and services	48,625	48,625	42,744	5,881
Total Finance	687,438	687,438	678,422	9,016
Human Resources	4 54 244	202022		
Full time salaries	312,076	312,076	330,641	(18,565)
Employee benefits	127,213	127,213	131,437	(4,224)
Payroll taxes	26,893	26,893	28,228	(1,335)
Personnel services	466,182	466,182	490,306	(24,124)
Professional services	42,810	42,810	17,043	25,767
Technical services	27,364	27,364	22,856	4,508
Printing and publications	450	450	50	400
Advertising	6,000	6,000	2,686	3,314
Telecommunications	1,800	1,800	1,544	256
Office supplies	1,000	1,000	192	808
Program supplies	6,933	6,933	4,214	2,719
Dues and memberships	620	620	465	155
Conferences	9,000	9,000	8,193	807
Technical training	49,000	49,000	18,637	30,363
Staff transportation	450	450	146	304
Small furniture and equipment	4,000	4,000	4,682	(682)
Materials and services	149,427	149,427	80,708	68,719
Total Human Resources	615,609	615,609	571,014	44,595

		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget-	
		Original		Final		mounts		ve (Negative)
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES (continued):								
Information Services								
Full time salaries	\$	413,531	\$	413,531	\$	413,809	\$	(278)
Employee benefits		193,951		193,951		204,056		(10,105)
Payroll taxes	5,	35,631		35,631		35,460		171
Personnel services		643,113		643,113		653,325		(10,212)
Professional services		76,000		76,000		68,181		7,819
Technical services		350,824		350,824		300,327		50,497
Telecommunications		65,000		65,000		65,431		(431)
Office supplies						4		(4)
Program supplies		39,000		39,000		17,077		21,923
Maintenance supplies		17,000		17,000		18,175		(1,175)
Technical training		13,000		13,000		2,549		10,451
Staff transportation		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Small furniture and equipment		4,000		4,000		382		3,618
Materials and services		565,824		565,824	_	472,126		93,698
Computer technology replacement		144,000		144,000		73,180		70,820
Computer technology improvement		78,000		78,000	-	11,209	-	66,791
Capital outlay		222,000		222,000	-	84,389		137,611
Total Information Services		1,430,937		1,430,937		1,209,840		221,097
Risk and Contract Management								
Full time salaries		171,226		171,226		170,700		526
Part time salaries		6,000		6,000		3,839		2,161
Employee benefits		81,250		81,250		83,842		(2,592)
Payroll taxes		15,348		15,348		14,613		735
Personnel services		273,824		273,824		272,994		830
Professional services		7,000		7,000		572		6,428
Technical services		9,040		9,040		537		8,503
Miscellaneous other services		5,350		5,350		6,011		(661)
Insurance		328,850		328,850		313,475		15,375
Printing and publications		1,900		1,900		337		1,563
Advertising		600		600				600
Telecommunications		1,200		1,200		1,694		(494)
Office supplies		1,600		1,600		458		1,142
Program supplies		10,800		10,800		3,922		6,878
Dues and memberships		2,200		2,200		2,217		(17)
Conferences		1,600		1,600		710		890
Technical training		9,950		9,950		3,226		6,724
Staff transportation		1,296		1,296		937		359
Small furniture and equipment		1,123		1,123		3,516		(2,393)
Materials and services	8	382,509	-	382,509		337,612	-	44,897
Total Risk and Contract Management		656,333		656,333		610,606	400	45,727
Maintenance Operations								
Full time salaries		4,223,698		4,223,698		4,046,728		176,970
Part time salaries		1,938,359		1,938,359		1,604,445		333,914
Employee benefits		2,171,352		2,171,352		2,130,543		40,809
Payroll taxes		612,618		612,618		534,710		77,908
Personnel services		8,946,027		8,946,027		8,316,426		629,601

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES (continued):						
Maintenance Operations (continued):						
Instructional services	\$ 525	\$ 525	\$ 525	\$ -		
Professional services	3,500	3,500	9,373	(5,873)		
Technical services	99,672	99,672	114,435	(14,763)		
Heat	402,559	402,559	429,871	(27,312)		
Electricity	729,199	729,199	757,303	(28,104)		
Water and sewer	1,021,924	1,021,924	719,772	302,152		
Refuse services	124,974	124,974	111,661	13,313		
Rental equipment	18,245	18,245	17,556	689		
Maintenance services	432,171	432,171	487,701	(55,530)		
Vehicle and equipment services	30,150	30,150	19,977	10,173		
Advertising	-	~	280	(280)		
Telecommunications	117,152	117,152	120,136	(2,984)		
Office supplies	4,194	4,194	7,191	(2,997)		
Program supplies	18,800	18,800	20,879	(2,079)		
Maintenance supplies	1,029,309	1,029,309	1,007,486	21,823		
Gas & oil (vehicles)	169,150	169,150	121,258	47,892		
Dues and memberships	2,270	2,270	1,166	1,104		
Conferences	4,200	4,200	2,223	1,977		
Technical training	21,100	21,100	8,557	12,543		
Staff transportation	7,550	7,550	9,359	(1,809)		
Small furniture and equipment	1,710	1,710	606	1,104		
Materials and services	4,238,354	4,238,354	3,967,315	271,039		
Fleet capital replacement	317,399	317,399	301,052	16,347		
Capital outlay	317,399	317,399	301,052	16,347		
<b>Total Maintenance Operations</b>	13,501,780	13,501,780	12,584,793	916,987		
Operations Analysis						
Full time salaries	177,308	177,308	178,007	(699)		
Employee benefits	79,740	79,740	76,995	2,745		
Payroll taxes	15,269	15,269	15,273	(4)		
Personnel services	272,317	272,317	270,275	2,042		
Technical services	30,750	30,750	-	30,750		
Telecommunications	718	718	813	(95)		
Office supplies	2,130	2,130	333	1,797		
Dues and memberships	574	574	255	319		
Conferences	8,545	8,545	2,801	5,744		
Technical training	666	666	495	171		
Staff transportation	1,128	1,128	316	812		
Materials and services	44,511	44,511	5,013	39,498		
Total Operations Analysis	316,828	316,828	275,288	41,540		
Planning	104 702	104 702	105.040	(050)		
Full time salaries	194,793	194,793	195,049	(256)		
Part time salaries	169,978	169,978	87,417	82,561		
Employee benefits	77,921	77,921	79,215	(1,294)		
Payroll taxes	33,787	33,787	26,168	7,619		
Personnel services	476,479	476,479	387,849	88,630		
Telecommunications	2,000	2,000	2,717	(717)		
Office supplies	200	200	705	(505)		
Program supplies	200	200	123	77		
Dues and memberships	1,175	1,175	1,375	(200)		

	Budg	eted Amo	ounts	2 2 2	Variance with		
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
DUCINESS AND EACH ITIES (continued).	Original	_	T III G	Amounto	Toolave (Negative)		
BUSINESS AND FACILITIES (continued): Planning (continued)							
Conferences	\$ 1,20	00 \$	1,200	\$ 3,853	\$ (2,653)		
Technical Training	1,20		1,260	550	710		
Staff transportation	3,70		3,700	719	2,981		
Materials and services	9,73		9,735	10,042	(307)		
Total Planning	486,2	14	486,214	397,891	88,323		
Design and Development							
Full time salaries	509,7	34	509,734	515,029	(5,295)		
Employee benefits	217,0	27	217,027	228,762	(11,735)		
Payroll taxes	43,4	61	43,461	43,178	283		
Personnel services	770,2	22	770,222	786,969	(16,747)		
Professional services	30,00	00	30,000	21,760	8,240		
Advertising		-		494	(494)		
Telecommunications	2,8	75	2,875	2,554	321		
Office supplies	6,29	94	6,294	5,268	1,026		
Program supplies	3,00	00	3,000	1,786	1,214		
Dues and memberships	2,0	50	2,050	1,650	400		
Conferences	7,00	00	7,000	8,474	(1,474)		
Technical training	2,50	00	2,500	922	1,578		
Staff transportation	5,50		5,500	3,452	2,048		
Small furniture and equipment	1,00		1,000	912	88		
Materials and services	60,2	19	60,219	47,272	12,947		
<b>Total Design and Development</b>	830,4	41	830,441	834,241	(3,800)		
Total Business and Facilities PARK AND RECREATION SERVICES:	20,357,4	51	20,357,451	18,702,595	1,654,856		
Director of Park and Recreation							
Full time salaries	290,3		290,313	202,536	87,777		
Employee benefits	91,33		91,330	73,154	18,176		
Part time salaries	29,9		29,925	14,486	15,439		
Payroll taxes	26,5		26,571	17,598	8,973		
Personnel services	438,1		438,139	307,774	130,365		
Professional services	137,5		137,500	25,864	111,636		
Fee reductions-family assistance	227,0		227,000	154,157	72,843		
Printing and publications	1,00	)0	1,000		1,000		
Advertising	7.5	-	7.500	398	(398)		
Telecommunications	7,50		7,500	932	6,568		
Office supplies	12,00		12,000	7,763	4,237		
Dues and memberships	3,50		3,500	8,105	(4,605)		
Conferences	24,25		24,250 2,000	16,897	7,353		
Technical training Staff transportation	5,8		5,820	4,700	2,000 1,120		
Small furniture and equipment	3,0	-	5,020	1,550	(1,550)		
Materials and services	420,5	70	420,570	220,366	200,204		
Total Director of Park and Recreation	858,70		858,709	528,140	330,569		
Aquatics	636,74		030,709	320,140			
Full time salaries	1,290,3		1,290,332	1,267,209	23,123		
Part time salaries	1,713,8		1,713,877	1,393,971	319,906		
Employee benefits	662,18		662,184	680,656	(18,472)		
Payroll taxes	301,3		301,354	235,265	66,089		
Personnel services	3,967,74		3,967,747	3,577,101	390,646		
Telecommunications	5,00	00	5,000	4,188	812		

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
PARK AND RECREATION SERVICES (continued):						
Aquatics (continued)						
Office supplies	\$ 4,506	\$ 4,506	\$ 2,942	\$ 1,564		
Program supplies	69,955	69,955	59,600	10,355		
Dues and memberships	1,810	1,810	200	1,610		
Conferences	12,400	12,400	9,238	3,162		
Technical training	19,750	19,750	12,174	7,576		
Staff transportation	2,000	2,000	1,681	319		
Materials and services	115,421	115,421	90,023	25,398		
Total Aquatics	4,083,168	4,083,168	3,667,124	416,044		
Sports			i de la companya de l			
Full time salaries	997,178	997,178	876,176	121,002		
Part time salaries	1,278,310	1,278,310	1,118,726	159,584		
Employee benefits	551,090	551,090	520,410	30,680		
Payroll taxes	225,552	225,552	196,848	28,704		
Personnel services	3,052,130	3,052,130	2,712,160	339,970		
Instructional services	132,050	132,050	88,149	43,901		
Rental facility	35,000	35,000	10,010	24,990		
Rental equipment	6,089	6,089	12,699	(6,610)		
Printing and publications	1,000	1,000	596	404		
Advertising	-		200	(200)		
Telecommunications	5,100	5,100	7,202	(2,102)		
Office supplies	10,244	10,244	7,688	2,556		
Program supplies	231,329	231,329	154,561	76,768		
Dues and memberships	1,330	1,330	1,552	(222)		
Conferences	7,500	7,500	8,004	(504)		
Staff transportation	3,312	3,312	1,965	1,347		
Small furniture and equipment	1,100	1,100	2,528	(1,428)		
Materials and services	434,054	434,054	295,154	138,900		
Total Sports	3,486,184	3,486,184	3,007,314	478,870		
Recreation						
Full time salaries	1,264,131	1,264,131	1,155,761	108,370		
Part time salaries	2,601,289	2,601,289	2,333,346	267,943		
Employee benefits	673,090	673,090	604,695	68,395		
Payroll taxes	379,902	379,902	347,743	32,159		
Personnel services	4,918,412	4,918,412	4,441,545	476,867		
Professional services	-	-	208	(208)		
Technical services			3,446	(3,446)		
Printing and publications	2,000	2,000	5	1,995		
Advertising	1,200	1,200	594	606		
Telecommunications	3,900	3,900	4,451	(551)		
Office supplies	46,470	46,470	28,187	18,283		
Program supplies	417,372	417,372	307,462	109,910		
Dues and memberships	1,080	1,080	395	685		
Conferences	9,150	9,150	6,273	2,877		
Technical training	3,420	3,420	6,240	(2,820)		
Staff transportation	3,341	3,341	1,578	1,763		
Small furniture and equipment	7,500	7,500	6,200	1,300		
Materials and services	495,433	495,433	365,039	130,394		
Total Recreation	5,413,845	5,413,845	4,806,584	607,261		

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget-		
		Original		Final		Amounts		e (Negative)
DADICAND DECREATION SERVICES (seedimond)								, ,
PARK AND RECREATION SERVICES (continued):								
Programs and Special Activities Full time salaries	\$	202 446	\$	393,446	\$	335,043	\$	EQ 402
	Ф	393,446	Ф		Φ		Ф	58,403
Part time salaries		399,694		399,694		362,925		36,769
Employee benefits		212,002		212,002		179,216		32,786
Payroll taxes	_	76,014		76,014	-	63,707	-	12,307
Personnel services		1,081,156		1,081,156	_	940,891		140,265
Technical services		96,394		96,394		136,034		(39,640)
Rental facility		2,400		2,400		2,400		
Maintenance services		8,000		8,000		3,099		4,901
Postage		500		500		-		500
Printing and publications				-		43		(43)
Advertising		6,000		6,000		976		5,024
Telecommunications		3,000		3,000		921		2,079
Office supplies		11,100		11,100		10,106		994
Program supplies		65,290		65,290		38,736		26,554
Dues and memberships		1,000		1,000		300		700
Conferences		11,000		11,000		9,990		1,010
Technical training		1,000		1,000		30		970
Staff transportation		4,600		4,600		233		4,367
Foundation support (gas)		-		-		378		(378)
Materials and services		210,284		210,284		203,246		7,038
Total Programs and Special Activities		1,291,440		1,291,440		1,144,137		147,303
Natural Resources and Trails	_	.,,						,
Full time salaries		801,623		801,623		782,900		18,723
Part time salaries		479,189		479,189		425,717		53,472
Employee benefits		330,294		330,294		369,108		(38,814)
Payroll taxes		129,501		129,501		117,147		12,354
Personnel services	-	1,740,607	_	1,740,607	_	1,694,872		45,735
Instructional services	-	3,460	_	3,460		2,458		1,002
Professional services		5,400		5,400		(3,277)		3,277
Technical services		49,500		49,500		51,465		(1,965)
Rental equipment		19,650		19,650		21,127		(1,477)
Maintenance services		3,900		3,900		2,163		1,737
		1,000		1,000		429		571
Printing and publications		500		500		684		(184)
Advertising								
Telecommunications		6,320		6,320		3,623		2,697
Office supplies		12,900		12,900		14,935		(2,035)
Program supplies		45,911		45,911		31,080		14,831
Maintenance supplies		80,503		80,503		36,053		44,450
Dues and memberships		1,400		1,400		828		572
Conferences		5,000		5,000		2,748		2,252
Technical training		3,750		3,750		5,114		(1,364)
Staff transportation		1,800		1,800		1,592		208
Small furniture and equipment	_	3,000		3,000		3,024		(24)
Materials and services		238,594		238,594	_	174,046		64,548
<b>Total Natural Resources and Trails</b>		1,979,201		1,979,201	_	1,868,918		110,283
<b>Total Park and Recreation Services</b>		17,112,547		17,112,547		15,022,217		2,090,330

	_	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with		
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		nal Budget- tive (Negative)	
CAPITAL OUTLAY:									
Carryforward projects	\$	3,830,085	\$	3,830,085	\$	3,200,399	\$	629,686	
Athletic facility replacement		775,000		775,000		727,452		47,548	
Park and trail replacement		602,254		602,254		423,752		178,502	
Park and trail improvements		1,391,662		1,391,662		272,295		1,119,367	
Building replacement		565,116		565,116		392,465		172,651	
Building improvements		104,600		104,600		106,024		(1,424)	
ADA projects		100,000		100,000		41,557		58,443	
Program facility challenge grants		90,000		90,000		26,887	_	63,113	
Total Capital Outlay		7,458,717		7,458,717		5,190,831		2,267,886	
CONTINGENCY:									
Contingency		2,400,000		2,400,000				2,400,000	
CAPITAL REPLACEMENT RESERVE:									
Capital Replacement Reserve		1,700,000		1,700,000	_			1,700,000	
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	51,696,104	\$	51,696,104	\$	41,383,460	\$	10,312,644	

## **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District**

### **Bonded Debt Fund**

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources/(Uses) and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Original a Final Budg Amount		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 7,022,081	\$ 7,096,786	\$ 74,705	
Interest earned	35,000	49,913	14,913	
Total revenues	7,057,081	7,146,699	89,618	
Expenditures:				
Issuance costs	-	119,423	(119,423) *	
Debt service	7,332,081	7,279,342	52,739	
Total expenditures	7,332,081	7,398,765	(66,684)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(275,000)	(252,066)	22,934	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from bonds issued		8,710,000	8,710,000	
Premiums on bonds issued		1,283,919	1,283,919	
Payment to refunded bonds escrow	-	(9,874,696)	(9,874,696)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		119,223	119,223	
Net change in fund balance	(275,000)	(132,843)	142,157	
Fund balance at beginning of year	275,000	286,350	11,350	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 153,507	\$ 153,507	

<sup>\*</sup> The budget variance meets an exception to ORS 294.338(1) as described in ORS 294.338(4)(c).

# **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District**

Bond Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Grants and contributions	\$	-	\$	236,278	\$	236,278	
Interest earned		150,000		150,953		953	
Total revenues	<u> </u>	150,000		387,231		237,231	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		29,155,955		11,321,225		17,834,730	
Total expenditures		29,155,955		11,321,225		17,834,730	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures and changes in fund balance		(29,005,955)		(10,933,994)		18,071,961	
Fund balances at beginning of year	3	29,005,955		27,226,923	eri	(1,779,032)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$		\$	16,292,929	\$	16,292,929	

#### **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District**

System Development Charges Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources/(Uses)
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

		Original and nal Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fi	ance with nal Budget- tive (Negative)
Revenues:						
System development charges	\$	14,522,059	\$	9,631,364	\$	(4,890,695)
Interest earned		56,000		114,615		58,615
Total revenues		14,578,059	_	9,745,979		(4,832,080)
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay		25,858,023		13,607,246		12,250,777
Total expenditures		25,858,023		13,607,246		12,250,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(11,279,964)		(3,861,267)		7,418,697
Other financing sources:						
Procceds from sale of capital assets				1,404,391		1,404,391
Net change in fund balance		(11,279,964)		(2,456,876)		8,823,088
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	11,279,964		12,063,936		783,972
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$	9,607,060	\$	9,607,060

#### **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District**

Mitigation Maintenance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

	Final	ginal and Budgeted mounts	Actual mounts	Fin	nce with al Budget- ve (Negative)
Revenues:					
Interest earned	\$	500	\$ 1,696	\$	1,196
Total revenues		500	 1,696		1,196
Expenditures:					
Materials and services		160,600	_		160,600
Total expenditures		160,600	 -	-	160,600
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures and net change in fund balance		(160,100)	1,696		161,796
Fund balance at beginning of year	87 <u>-</u>	160,100	 164,356		4,256
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 166,052	\$	166,052



## OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Outstanding Balances For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 **Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District** 

Taxes Uncollected June 30, 2017	\$ 615,475 288,450 258,753 182,983 138,338 112,257 230,484	4
Deduct Interest and Tax Collected	(36,089,763) (284,700) (79,291) (77,664) (29,924) (3,591) (6,912)	(36,57
Add (Deduct) Cancellations and Adjustments	\$ (92,019) \$ (45,620) (2,379) (2,284) (1,483) (709)	\$ (146,832) \$
Add Interest Received	\$ 8,593 15,854 12,337 18,210 7,906 1,220 3,143	\$ 67,263
Add (Deduct) Discounts Allowed	\$ (1,016,156) \$ (800) 8 8 43 -	\$ (1,016,904)
Add Levy as Extended by Assessor	\$ 37,804,820	,238 \$ 37,804,820 \$ (1,016,904) \$ 67,263 \$
Taxes Uncollected June 30, 2016	\$ 603,716 328,078 244,732 162,640 116,110 234,962	\$ 1,690,238
·	2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 Prior Years	

\$ 1,425,770 400,970 \$ 1,826,740

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	District Contributions	District Contributions as a Percentage of ADC	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
2008	\$1,249,866	\$1,249,866	100.00%	\$ -
2009	1,663,456	1,663,456	100.00%	-
2010	2,132,920	2,132,920	100.00%	-
2011	2,411,109	2,440,915	101.24%	(29,806)
2012	2,164,122	2,140,583	98.91%	23,539
2013	2,294,355	2,198,333	95.81%	96,022
2014	2,331,957	2,423,313	103.92%	(91,356)
2015	2,321,835	2,318,042	99.84%	3,793
2016	2,491,300	2,491,219	100.00%	81
2017	2,582,219	2,582,762	100.02%	(543)

Source: The Standard Tualatin Hills Park & Recreation District Retirement Plan Actuarial Valuations



## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures say about the district's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGE
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understan  how the district's financial performance and well-being have changed ove  time.	
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	74 's
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess th affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district' ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the readers understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reade understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year.

# Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	(as restated)							(as restated)		
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 86,885,092	\$ 89,588,161	\$ 97,699,300	\$ 102,325,244	\$111,753,935	\$ 115,214,103	\$ 120,178,588	\$ 118,443,566	\$ 135,202,585	\$ 152,863,521
Restricted	4,089,447	4,914,904	5,388,324	4,966,711	3,393,951	5,506,718	8,113,102	13,104,560	12,350,287	9,760,567
Unrestricted	3,577,389	2,826,589	2,681,289	6,419,121	6,270,492	7,578,867	7,413,183	9,444,786	6,814,560	7,472,340
Total primary government net position	\$ 94,551,928 \$ 97,329,654	\$ 97,329,654	\$105,768,913	\$113,711,076	\$113,711,076 \$121,418,378 \$ 128,299,688	\$ 128,299,688	\$ 135,704,873	\$ 135,704,873 \$ 140,992,912	\$ 154,367,432	\$ 170,096,428

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
Expenses	2008 (as restated)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities:  Board of Directors Administration Business and facilities Planning and development Park and recreation services Interest on long-term debt	\$ 151,139 1,620,813 2,963,834 - 25,260,805 935,564	\$ 252,707 1,435,073 13,414,199 <sup>1)</sup> 925,029 <sup>2)</sup> 16,749,941	\$ 158,614 1,510,804 14,022,988 724,568 17,769,469 3,032,756	\$ 212,527 1,603,306 14,061,469 571,594 17,750,967 3,106,160	\$ 229,942 1,678,446 14,337,163 640,871 18,210,409 4,085,516	\$ 200,248 1,717,417 14,917,033 800,198 19,536,037 4,124,974	\$ 154,475 1,963,226 15,126,974 897,304 19,758,250 3,946,193	\$ 218,847 1,860,162 14,575,963 554,465 19,188,743 3,853,264	\$ 178,381 2,048,290 16,447,289 550,044 21,180,758 3,334,042	\$ 209,412 2,210,239 23,818,025 <sup>8</sup> 15,186,213 <sup>9</sup> 3,074,328
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 30,932,155	\$ 33,894,555	\$ 37,219,199	\$ 37,306,023	\$ 39,182,347	\$ 41,295,907	\$ 41,846,422	\$ 40,251,444	\$ 43,738,804	\$ 44,498,217
Program Revenues Governmental activities:     Park and recreation services:     Charges for services     Operating grants and contributions     Capital grants and contributions	\$ 7,379,076 27,599 2,372,111	\$ 8,158,928 42,756 2,958,270	\$ 8,673,796 143,768 4,560,810	\$ 9,087,924 155,727 3,522,996	\$ 9,622,209 195,890 3,621,810	\$ 10,248,497 173,616 3,925,320	\$ 10,244,780 214,865 4,685,175	\$ 10,633,560 91,112 7,096,827	\$ 10,485,707 32,385 9,994,683	\$ 10,641,932 161,744 10,276,395
Total governmental program revenues	\$ 9,778,786	\$ 11,159,954	\$ 13,378,374	\$ 12,766,647	\$ 13,439,909	\$ 14,347,433	\$ 15,144,820	\$ 17,821,499	\$ 20,512,775	\$ 21,080,071
Net(expense)/revenue Governmental activities	\$(21,153,369)	\$(22,734,601)	\$(23,840,825)	\$(24,539,376)	\$(25,742,438)	\$(26,948,474)	\$(26,701,602)	\$(22,429,945)	\$(23,226,029)	\$(23,418,146)
Total primary government net expense	\$(21,153,369)	\$(21,153,369) \$(22,734,601)	\$(23,840,825)	\$(24,539,376)	\$(25,742,438)	\$(26,948,474)	\$(26,701,602)	\$(22,429,945)	\$(23,226,029)	\$(23,418,146)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Property taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Rents and leases Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous	\$ 23,201,119 232,743 637,812 1,879,872	\$ 24,440,625 234,137 488,973 348,592	\$ 30,576,672 215,450 793,970 693,992	\$ 31,633,996 197,632 445,603	\$ 32,536,833 233,515 507,727	\$ 32,998,488 245,112 447,101	\$ 34,325,378 237,636 365,782 159,819	\$ 35,389,201 261,528 380,671 203,731	\$ 35,118,802 185,805 648,897 ** 458,566	\$ 36,692,351 183,894 635,913 516,989 945,760 172,235
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,951,546	\$ 25,512,327	\$ 32,280,084	\$ 32,481,539	\$ 33,449,740	\$ 33,829,784	\$ 35,088,615	\$ 36,235,131	\$ 36,600,549	\$ 39,147,142
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ 4,798,177	0.00						\$ 13,805,186	\$ 13,374,520	\$ 15,728,996
Total primary government	\$ 4,798,177	\$ 2,111,726	\$ 8,439,259	\$ 7,942,163	\$ 7,707,302	\$ 6,881,310	\$ 8,387,013	\$ 13,805,186	\$ 13,374,520	\$ 15,728,996

<sup>1)</sup> In FY 2009 the Maintenance department was moved from Park and recreation services to Business and facilities.

<sup>2)</sup> In FY 2009 the Planning department was moved from Business and facilities to its own division of Planning and development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> In FY 2016, revenues from Rents and Leases was reported separately (previously in Grants & Contributions, Program and Miscellaneous revenues).
<sup>4)</sup> In FY 2017, the Planning and Design & Development departments were moved into Business and facilities.
<sup>5)</sup> In FY 2017, capital outlay and depreciation expenses were moved from Park and recreation services to Business and facilities.

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
			(as restated)	(as restated)						
General fund Reserved	\$ 112,826	\$ 116,712	69	s	65	69	69	49	s	s
Unreserved	4,548,093	4,185	•	•				•	•	
Nonspendable	1		131,319	93,642	64,728	211,223	225,668	172,449	316,161	179,842
Unassigned			3,717,581	5,302,475	3,773,265	4,895,327	5,302,635	8,264,609	8,955,176	9,740,569
Total general fund	\$ 4,660,919	\$ 4,660,919 \$ 4,302,587	\$ 3,848,900	\$ 5,396,117	\$ 3,837,993 \$ 5,106,550	\$ 5,106,550	\$ 5,528,303	\$ 8,437,058	\$ 9,271,337	\$ 9,920,411
All other governmental funds Reserved, reported in:										
Special revenue fund	\$ 161,686	\$ 175,925	49	5	· •	9	9	· •	s	\$
Debt service fund	338,212	255,341	1	à	•	9	*	•		,
Capital project funds	3,751,235	62,683,669	1	· ·			•	*		•
Restricted, reported in:										
Debt service fund	1	ř	189,152	303,177	413,134	440,064	477,206	450,745	286,350	153,507
Capital project funds		3	59,866,624	43,383,093	70,061,111	56,750,162	42,117,723	42,833,171	39,290,859	25,899,989
Committed, reported in:										
Special revenue fund	1	1	182,010	182,820	183,657	182,071	163,989	166,364	164,356	166,052
Total all other concernment of large	¢ 1 051 122	¢ 62 11/1 025	S 60 027 796	43 860 000	\$ 70,657,002	\$ 57 379 997	\$ 10 758 019	\$ 43 A50 280	\$ 30 741 565	\$ 26 210 548
Total all other governmental jungs	4,421,133	# 4,231,133 # 63,114,933	- 11	45,003,030	206,100,01 @	0 01,012,231	0 45,730,310	40,450,200		\$ 50,513,04

(5) GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011. Fund balances were restated for fiscal year 2010 forward.

# Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$23,064,951	\$24,227,511	\$ 30,429,777	\$ 31,656,648	\$ 32,122,160	\$ 33,076,378	\$ 34,203,849	\$ 35,471,678	\$ 34,952,393	\$ 36,541,016
Aquatic programs	2,070,276	2,236,943	2,438,104	2,542,840	2,604,415	2,680,571	2,567,782	2,761,776	2,450,847	2,732,311
Tennis center	779,947	798,424	867,529	869,498	853,427	881,620	952,762	1,025,969	1,017,285	978,178
Sports programs	756,520	991,443	1,123,287	1,233,700	1,287,406	1,338,838	1,424,626	1,423,992	1,565,716	1,631,316
Recreation programs	3,824,758	4,192,324	4,307,171	4,555,062	4,770,489	5,295,594	5,177,432	5,060,475	5,451,861	5,300,127
Grants and sponsorships	857,212	960,036	1,906,063	1,441,320	1,742,561	1,608,261	1,275,106	1,300,759	279,707	806,995
Rents and leases	٠	*	•	ì		,			648,896	635,913 3)
System development charges	1,775,241	1,406,672	2,370,160	1,939,855	1,897,759	2,676,196	3,858,370	5,855,512	5,367,366	9,631,364
Interest earned	632,735	488,973	793,970	445,603	507,727	447,101	365,782	380,671	458,566	516,988
Charges for services			553,515	712,478	799,091	689,931	579,099	511,362	328,170	367,696
Miscellaneous	342,161	378,292	710,592	192,203	278,137	190,957	281,997	565,079	188,479	172,235
Total revenues	34,103,801	35,670,678	45,500,168	45,589,207	46,863,172	48,885,447	50,686,805	54,357,273	52,709,286	59,314,139
Expenditures										
Board of Directors	601,101	101,262 4	100,014	170,212 &	246,677 ¢	\$ 200,246	074,470	740,017	170,301	5 2/4,/31
Administration	1,599,223	1,449,070		3	1,675,574	1,713,305	1,953,992	2,028,622	2,104,826	2,193,086
Business and facilities	2,643,563	12,970,222		-	14,018,655	14,590,241	14,901,004	15,621,414	16,074,842	17,489,302
Planning and development		907,994		1,282,382	1,430,176	1,503,184	1,497,804	1,211,690	1,262,721	F TO THE STATE OF
Park and recreation services	22,205,573	13,199,722	14,341,740	14,201,551	13,996,776	14,476,812	14,593,069	14,725,729	15,501,975	15,022,217
Capital outlay	5,334,604	4,471,549	9,619,570	28,607,214	22,534,645	19,924,569	22,563,320	9,421,194	12,539,440	30,504,743
Debt service										
Principal	1,958,000	2,061,000	4,790,000	5,695,000	5,100,000	4,605,000	5,018,988	5,390,327	3,961,090	4,436,876
Interest	990,961	1,345,100	3,285,448	3,298,121	4,566,274	4,346,236	4,195,779	4,225,622	3,960,447	3,789,741
Total expenditures	34,883,063	36,657,364	48,831,004	68,684,350	63,552,042	61,359,595	64,878,431	52,843,445	55,583,722	73,710,696
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(779,262)	(989,686)	(3,330,836)	(23,095,143)	(16,688,870)	(12,474,148)	(14,191,626)	1,513,828	(2,874,436)	(14,396,557)
Other financing courses (uses)										
Proceeds from debt issuance		58 505 000		9.510.000	40 060 000			37 880 000	3	8 710 000
Premiums on debt issuance		492 215		22 166	1 859 558		•	6 987 825	( a	1 283 919
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		494 941		1	-	•	,	399,283	1	1.404.391
Payment to escrow				,		2 39		(43 180 819)	70	(9874 696)
Loan proceeds			0. 20			457,100		(515,551,57)		(000'1-0'0)
Total other financing sources (uses)		59,492,156		9,532,166	41,919,558	457,100		2,086,289		1,523,614
Net change in fund balances	\$ (779,262)	\$58,505,470	\$ (3,330,836)	\$(13,562,977)	\$ 25,230,688	\$(12,017,048) \$(14,191,626)	\$(14,191,626)	\$ 3,600,117	\$ (2,874,436)	\$(12,872,943)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	%0 0	10.4%	%5 00	%P 66	% 50	21.2%	21 5%	21 9%	18 0%	18 8%
מאסומותומס	2.00	2	2000	V 1 1 1	20.04	3,1,1	20.014		200	2.00

In FY 2009 the Maintenance department was moved from Park and recreation services to Business and facilities.
 In FY 2009 the Planning department was moved from Business and facilities to its own division of Planning and development.
 In FY 2016, revenues from Rents and Leases was reported separately (previously in Grants & Contributions, Program and Miscellaneous revenues).

### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

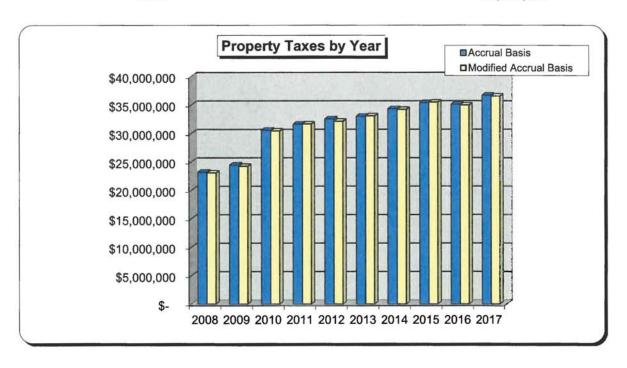
#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	P	roperty Tax	
2008	\$	23,201,119	
2009		24,440,625	
2010		30,576,672	
2011		31,633,996	
2012		32,536,833	
2013		32,998,488	
2014		34,325,378	
2015		35,389,201	
2016		35,118,802	
2017		36,692,351	

#### (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property T	ах
2008	\$ 23,064	1,951
2009	24,227	7,511
2010	30,429	9,777
2011	31,656	6,648
2012	32,122	2,160
2013	33,076	3,378
2014	34,203	3,849
2015	35,47	1,678
2016	34,952	2,393
2017	36,54°	1,016



# Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District ASSESSED VALUES AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Tax Rate per \$1,000	1.4341	1.4291	1.7343	1.7428	1.7372	1.7298	1.7282	1.7167	1.6246	1.6192
		%									
	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Market Value	57.49	58.88	64.96	70.49	75.77	79.49	77.54	72.78	70.93	66.40
	Assessed Value	16,566,836,666	17,560,613,430	18,167,912,926	18,718,396,360	19,148,499,217	19,751,769,226	20,427,978,615	21,245,116,844	22,285,389,488	23,433,138,474
Total	Market Value	\$ 28,818,329,925 \$	29,825,750,463	27,969,437,697	26,554,794,634	25,272,562,285	24,849,574,494	26,345,164,782	29,191,614,499	31,418,293,366	35,289,068,840
ities	Assessed Value	404,696,250	487,065,660	542,600,920	560,660,160	555,788,140	559,899,100	565,666,850	592,184,300	598,739,300	704,324,200
Public Utilities	Market Value	409,574,071 \$	488,253,163	542,678,941	562,879,594	578,886,050	624,892,048	637,019,227	647,433,574	701,056,667	721,904,470
-		49									
pperty	Assessed Value	605,124,136	644,613,810	580,800,516	568,963,800	580,369,457	610,830,076	600,748,735	603,605,791	652,465,905	683,052,351
al Pro		8	0	10	_		<b>'</b> 0	10		10	_
Personal Property	Market Value	\$ 607,128,846	646,678,370	584,058,386	576,119,940	587,010,937	617,142,106	607,228,905	610,281,231	661,326,115	697,114,641
serty	Assessed Value	\$ 15,557,016,280	16,428,933,960	17,044,511,490	17,588,772,400	18,012,341,620	18,581,040,050	19,261,563,030	20,049,326,753	21,034,184,283	22,045,761,923
Real Property	Market Value	\$ 27,801,627,008 \$	28,690,818,930	26,842,700,370	25,415,795,100	24,106,665,298	23,607,540,340	25,100,916,650	27,933,899,694	30,055,910,584	33,870,049,729
,	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Washington County, Department of Assessment and Taxation

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District PROPERTY TAX RATES
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2(	2008	20	2009	2010	10	20	2011	2	2012	2	2013	2	2014	.,	2015		2016	2	2017
Direct Government:																				
Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District																				
Permanent Tax Rate	69	1.3073	€9	1.3073	8	1.3073	· 49	1.3073	69	1.3073	69	1.3073	B	1.3073	69	1.3073	↔	1.3073	s	1.3073
Bond Levy Tax Rate		0.1268		0.1218	J	.4270	- T	0.4355		0.4299		0.4225		0.4209		0.4094		0.3173		0.3119
Overlapping Government:																				
Washington County		3.0331		2.9840	14	.9840	<i>.</i>	2.9798		2.9744		2.9670		2.9605		2.8254		2.8235		2.9354
Washington County - Enhanced Patrol		1.0920		1.3099	-	.2823		1.2660		1.2477		1.2285		1.3165		1.3165		1.3165		1.3165
Washington County - Road Maintenance		0.2456		0.2456	0	0.2456	7	0.2456		0.2456		0.2456		0.2456		0.2456		0.2456		0.2456
Washington County - RFPD #2		1.6919	-500	1.7890	-	1.6919	78	1.6919		1.6919		1.6919		1.6919		1.6919		1.6919		1.6919
Washington County - North Bethany SD		1		9		4		,		1.2500		1.2500		1.2500		1.2500		1.2500		1.2500
Northwest Regional ESD		0.1538		0.1538	0	0.1538		0.1538		0.1538		0.1536		0.1534		0.1530		0.1528		0.1523
Multnomah ESD		0.4576		0.4576	S	0.4576	7	0.4576		0.4134		0.4576		0.4576		0.4576		0.4576		0.4576
Portland Community College		0.5051		0.5031	J	0.6325		0.6359		0.5981		0.6646		0.7329		0.7199		0.5837		0.6756
School District No. 48, Beaverton		6.7358		6.5643	Ð	6.8793		6.7841		6.8603		6.7749		8.0537		8.0368		7.9571		7.9205
School District No. 1J, Hillsboro		8.0581		7.1016	7	7.4600		7.5846		7.4663		7.4881		7.3794		7.3812		7.1812		7.1268
School District No. 1J, Portland		6.5281		6.5281	9	6.5281	7	6.5281		6.5166		7.2681		8.3571		8.3535		8.3632		8.3304
School District - Hillsboro, Reedville Bonds		0.2493		0.2617	J	0.4102				,		,		,		,				
Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District		1.8692		1.8434	-	1.8947		1.8828		1.9302		1.9145		1.906.1		1.8911		2.1078		2.0978
Port of Portland		0.0701		0.0701	J	1.0701		0.0701		0.0701		0.0701		0.0699		0.0697		0.0697		0.0694
City of Beaverton		4.1841		4.1153	4	4.1986		4.2034		4.1791		4.2350		4.3662		4.3517		4.3279		4.3109
Urban Renewal - Beaverton		1		1		31				9		0.0113		0.0361		0.0929		0.1731		0.2233
City of Hillsboro		4.7665		5.3865	4)	5.3865	O.	5.3865		5.3827		5.3815		5.3755		5.3652		5.3621		5.3485
Urban Renewal - Hillsboro				,						0.0141		0.0187		0.0415		0.0776		0.0867		0.1374
City of Portland		7.2779		6.7554	1	7.0862	84	7.0527		6.9497		7.0558		7.2043		7.1759		7.0455		6.9712
Urban Renewal - Portland		1.0502		1.0508		1.1624		1.1722		1.1314		1.1529		1.1727		1.0878		1.0608		1.1069
Metro Service District		0.4292		0.3984	J	0.4368		0.4088		0.3154		0.4043		0.4667		0.4575		0.3876		0.3960
TriMet		0.0856	200	0.0803	J	0.0863		0.0878		0.0583				,		ï		ï		r

Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation

Source: Washington County, Department of Assessment and Taxation

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District DISTRICT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2017 2008 Percentage of Percentage of **Total Taxable Total Taxable Taxable Assessed** Assessed Taxable Assessed Assessed **Taxpayer** Value Rank Value Value Rank Value 567,719,749 2.42 % \$ 342,893,089 Nike, Inc. 1 2.07 % **Comcast Corporation** 273,125,400 2 1.17 Portland General Electric 139,743,122 3 0.60 107,099,250 6 0.65 Northwest Natural Gas Co. 0.52 8 120,977,400 4 78,115,500 0.47 Maxim Integrated Products, Inc. 97,213,870 5 0.41 134,951,810 4 0.81 Nike IHM 96,534,290 6 0.41 Beaverton LLC 91,196,380 7 0.39 Frontier Communications 79,452,000 8 0.34 9 0.32 Harsch Investment Corp 75,394,389 Nike Woodside 1 LLC 62,362,380 10 0.27 2 Verizon 140,839,764 0.85 3 Tektronix, Inc. 136,940,413 0.83 **ERP Operating LP** 112,051,390 5 0.68 98,541,817 PS Business Parks LP 7 0.59 Bernard Properties Partnership 9 53,295,450 0.32 EOP-Nimbus Corp. 50,837,730 10 0.31 All other taxpayers 21,829,419,494 93.15 15,311,270,453 92.42 Totals \$ 23,433,138,474 100.00 % \$ 16,566,836,666 100.00 %

Source: Washington County, Department of Assessment and Taxation

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District WASHINGTON COUNTY PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2017			2008	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Intel	\$ 2,185,034,921	1	3.68 %	\$ 1,073,118,274	1	2.57 %
Nike, Inc.	771,794,723	2	1.30	348,297,116	2	0.84
Portland General Electric	512,979,756	3	0.86	330,799,810	4	0.79
Comcast Corporation	417,021,800	4	0.70			
Pacific Realty Associates	352,595,837	5	0.59	261,692,224	6	0.63
Northwest Natural Gas Co.	329,744,350	6	0.55	275,283,690	5	0.66
Solarworld Industries America LLC	208,615,230	7	0.35			
Frontier Communications	190,901,000	8	0.32			
Verizon Communications	187,423,000	9	0.32	345,285,461	3	0.83
Genentech Inc.	179,135,460	10	0.30			
Maxim Integrated Products				169,355,293	7	0.41
Sprint Nextel Corporation				133,617,362	9	0.32
Tektronix Inc.			-	137,506,673	8	0.33
ERP Operating LP				112,051,390	10	0.27
All other taxpayers	54,111,452,378		91.03	38,509,676,137		92.35
Totals	\$ 59,446,698,455		100.00 %	\$ 41,696,683,430		100.00 %

Source: Washington County, Department of Assessment and Taxation

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected with Year of th			Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	 llections in bsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$ 23,818,049	\$ 22,614,565	94.9 %	\$ 451,751	\$ 23,066,316	96.8 %
2009	25,095,569	23,896,079	95.2	803,975	24,700,054	98.4
2010	31,527,965	29,768,038	94.4	843,039	30,611,077	97.1
2011	32,641,290	30,901,476	94.7	590,923	31,492,399	96.5
2012	33,334,482	31,713,114	95.1	506,975	32,220,089	96.7
2013	34,166,612	32,623,087	95.5	600,816	33,223,903	97.2
2014	35,308,500	33,590,906	95.1	555,091	34,145,997	96.7
2015	36,433,185	34,828,560	95.6	373,400	35,201,960	96.6
2016	36,088,203	34,488,930	95.6	284,700	34,773,630	96.4
2017	37,804,820	36,089,763	95.5	-	36,089,763	95.5

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGE REVENUE SCHEDULE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Rate per Type of Dwelling Unit Fiscal Year Ended Single June 30 Family Multi-Family Manufactured Non-residential \$ \$ 2,521 \$ 176 2008 6,783 5,071 6,888 179 2009 5,150 2010 6,175 4,617 160 5,551 4,151 144 2011 2012 5,299 3,963 137 2013 5,247 3,924 136 2014 5,524 4,131 143 2015 6,450 4,824 167 2016 6,450 4,824 167 360 10,800 8,619 2017

Source: Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Ger	neral Obligation Bonds	Full Faith & Credit Obligations	Loans Payable	otal Primary Sovernment	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>a)</sup>		Per	Capita <sup>b)</sup>
2008	\$	12,684,080	\$ 2,665,383	\$ 346,000	\$ 15,695,463	0.073	%	\$	70.01
2009		70,126,571	2,262,962	180,000	72,569,533	0.342			318.25
2010		65,710,924	1,832,764	140,000	67,683,688	0.314			291.83
2011		60,577,893	10,755,454	100,000	71,433,347	0.310			315.01
2012		97,915,383	10,059,107	60,000	108,034,490	0.444			470.77
2013		93,313,622	9,851,204	477,100	103,641,926	0.417			446.27
2014		88,345,559	9,634,002	433,112	98,412,673	0.374			418.73
2015		89,388,275	9,407,542	407,785	99,203,602	0.333			417.09
2016		84,691,847	9,161,865	381,695	94,235,407	n/a			391.50
2017		80,802,769	8,907,017	354,819	90,064,605	n/a			369.74

n/a - not available at time of printing

Source: State of Oregon, OLMIS

Portland State University Center for Population Research and Census

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

a) based on Washington County total population

b) based on estimated population of district

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Ob	General ligation Bonds	Ava	ss: Amounts ilable in Debt ervice Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property		Per	Capita <sup>a)</sup>
2008	\$	12,684,080	\$	338,212	\$ 12,345,868	0.07	%	\$	55.07
2009		70,126,571		255,341	69,871,230	0.40			306.42
2010		65,710,924		189,152	65,521,772	0.36			282.51
2011		60,577,893		303,177	60,274,716	0.32			265.80
2012		97,915,383		413,134	97,502,249	0.51			424.87
2013		93,313,622		440,064	92,873,558	0.47			399.90
2014		88,345,559		477,206	87,868,353	0.43			373.87
2015		89,388,275		450,745	88,937,530	0.42			373.93
2016		84,691,847		286,350	84,405,497	0.38			350.67
2017		80,802,769		153,507	80,649,262	0.34			331.09

Source: Portland State University Center for Population Research and Census

a) per capita based on estimated district population

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2017

Overlapping Government	Ov	erlapping Debt	Percentage Applicable	O۱	mated Share of verlapping Net Direct Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:					
Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District	\$	80,802,769	100.00%	\$	80,802,769
Direct debt		80,802,769			80,802,769
Metro	\$	183,510,000	12.94%	\$	23,750,048
Portland Community College		302,090,000	16.22%		48,992,050
City of Portland		155,468,265	0.01%		10,727
City of Hillsboro		45,250,000	0.17%		78,464
City of Beaverton		34,567,076	99.02%		34,228,734
Washington County		232,130,277	40.55%		94,117,453
Washington County EPD		75,877	73.17%		55,516
Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District		48,820,000	45.74%		22,330,512
School District No. 23, Tigard-Tualatin		269,654,318	0.04%		98,424
School District No. 48, Beaverton		1,065,719,613	81.97%		873,552,250
School District No. 1J, Hillsboro		238,850,000	3.08%		7,349,653
School District No. 1J, Hillsboro Bd		4,006,806	3.15%		126,303
School District No. 1J, Portland		665,077,068	0.40%		2,666,294
Overlapping debt		3,245,219,300			1,107,356,428
Other Debt:					
Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District	\$	9,261,836	100.00%	\$	9,261,836
Direct debt		9,261,836			9,261,836
Metro	\$	19,225,000	12.94%	\$	2,488,118
Portland Community College	*	87,170,000	16.22%		14,136,969
City of Portland		509,068,938	0.01%		35,126
City of Hillsboro		9,452,843	0.17%		16,391
Washington County		26,740,000	40.55%		10,841,760
Northwest Regional ESD		4,465,137	32.30%		1,442,440
Multnomah ESD		28,200,000	0.30%		85,390
Port of Portland		62,108,214	11.95%		7,420,193
City of Beaverton		2,480,000	99.02%		2,455,726
Overlapping debt		748,910,132			38,922,113
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	4,084,194,037		\$	1,236,343,146

Note: Overlapping taxing jurisdictions are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the district. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district.

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Municipal Debt Information System

## Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					-	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	16	2017	
Debt limit Total net debt application to limit	\$ 720,458,248	\$ 745,643,762 70,126,571	\$720,458,248 \$745,643,762 \$699,235,942 12,684,080 70,126,571 65,710,924		\$ 663,869,866 \$ 631,814,057 60,577,893 97,915,383	\$ 621,239,362 93,313,622	\$ 658,629,120 88,345,559	ь	729,790,362 \$ 89,388,275		785,457,334 \$ 84,691,847	882,226,721 80,802,769	82,226,721 80,802,769
Legal debt margin	\$ 707,774,168	\$ 675,517,191	\$ 633,525,018	\$ 603,291,973	\$ 533,898,674	\$707,774,168 \$675,517,191 \$633,525,018 \$603,291,973 \$533,898,674 \$527,925,740 \$570,283,561 \$640,402,087 \$700,765,487 \$801,423,952	\$ 570,283,561	69	640,402,087 \$	700,	765,487 \$	801,42	23,952
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.76%	9.40%	9.40%	9.12%	15.50%	15.02%	13.41%		12.25%		10.78%		9.16%
						Legal Debt Marg	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017	or Fisc	al Year 2017				
						Real market value (2016/17) General obligation debt capaci Less: Outstanding debt Remaining legal debt capacity	Real market value (2016/17) General obligation debt capacity (2.5% of Real market value) Less: Outstanding debt Remaining legal debt capacity	.5% 0	f Real market valu	(en	·	85	,289,068,840 882,226,721 80,802,769 801,423,952

Source: Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

10/	achi	natar	Call	mer
VV	asili	ngtor	Cou	nly

Fiscal Year	District Population (estimated)	Population (estimated) a)	F	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands) b)	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>b)</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>c)</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>d)</sup>
2008	224,192	519,925	\$	21,362,282	\$ 41,087	4.9 %	37,552
2009	228,025	537,318		21,205,286	39,465	10.0	37,536
2010	231,925	531,610		21,586,715	40,606	10.6	38,460
2011	226,764	540,410		23,042,656	42,639	7.8	38,571
2012	229,486	547,672		24,314,346	44,396	6.9	39,054
2013	232,239	554,996		24,839,911	44,757	6.4	38,775
2014	235,026	562,998		26,299,466	46,713	5.7	39,088
2015	237,847	574,326		29,812,561	51,909	5.1	40,725
2016	240,701	582,779		n/a	n/a	4.7	40,568
2017	243,589	n/a		n/a	n/a	3.5	40,806

Source:

n/a data not available at time of printing

a) U.S. Census Bureau

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b)</sup> U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

c) U.S. Dept. of Labor, Metropolitan District

d) Beaverton School District

### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District MAJOR EMPLOYMENT INDUSTRIES IN WASHINGTON COUNTY Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2017\* 2008 Percentage of Percentage of **Total County Total County** Industry **Annual Average** Employment **Annual Average** Employment Mining and logging 400 0.1% 400 0.2% 5.3% 6.2% Construction 14,800 15,600 Manufacturing: 28,000 27,100 Computer and electronic products Other durable goods 13,800 13,900 Non-durable goods 6,500 6,400 48,300 17.1% 47,400 18.8% Trade, transportation and utilities: 13,300 17,500 Wholesale trade Retail trade 31,300 30,100 Transportation, warehousing and utilities 4,700 3,800 49,300 17.5% 51,400 20.4% 7,400 2.6% 7,900 3.1% Information Financial activities 16,200 5.7% 17,000 6.8% Professional and business services: Professional and technical services 14,800 11,400 Management of companies and enterprises 15,400 5,200 Administrative and waste services 23,300 19,000 53,500 18.9% 35,600 14.1% Educational and health services 34,300 12.1% 26,400 10.5% Leisure and hospitality 25,600 9.1% 20,400 8.1% Other services 8,700 3.1% 7,600 3.0% Government: 800 800 Federal government State government 3,300 2,600 Local government 8,200 7,300 Local education 11,600 11,300 23,900 8.5% 22,000 8.8% Total non-farm employment 282,400 100.0% 251,700 100.0%

Source: Oregon Labor Market Information System

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2017 information includes data through 12/31/2016

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
Administration										
Administration	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Communications and outreach	5	6	7	6	6	6	7	7	7	8
Security operations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community partnerships	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	1	1
Business and facilities										
Director	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Finance services	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	6
Information services	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Human resources	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Risk and contract management	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Operations analysis	2	-	4	-		-			2	2
Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-			-		2
Operations	4	3	3	3	3	5	5	6	7	7
Park maintenance	44	45	46	46	46	43	43	45	45	46
				6	6	6	6		6	
Vehicles and equipment	6	6	6			25		6	26	6
Athletic facilities	21	23	23	23	23	100.0001	25	26		27
Building and pool maintenance	44	49	48	49	49	50	51	49	48	48
Planning	-	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Design and development	6	6	6	10	10	11	9	8	7	6
Park and recreation	2	100	2			820	- 23	122	-2	28
Director	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Aquatics	81	80	81	81	73	74	77	79	83	78
Sports	31	31	33	32	31	31	29	30	45	58
Programs and special activities	40	41	42	42	41	42	42	38	23	14
Recreation	97	104	107	106	105	102	100	100	101	108
Natural resources and trails	14	17	21	24	23	25	25	27	29	29
Total full-time equivalent employees	421	440	454	460	448	453	452	457	463	472

Source: Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008 actual	2009 actual	2010 actual	2011 actual	2012 actual	2013 actual	2014 actual	2015 actual	2016 actual	2017 estimate
Parks and Recreation Cultural and recreational activities:										
Aquatics										
Attendance at open/drop-in programs and classes	577,934	603,018	589,522	563,160	621,093	728,660	790,889	813,257	825,661	876,885
Number of classes held Sports 1)	4,722	5,452	5,421	5,740	5,123	5,282	4,823	5,029	5,446	5,579
Attendance at open/drop-in programs and classes	700,000	697,335	654,533	710,364	679,600	650,623	607,130	781,490	792,878	787,465
Number of classes held	512	521	395	583	700	527	537	1,985	2,205	2,180
Recreation										
Attendance at open/drop-in programs and classes	740,206	870,704	924,770	947,841	944,324	945,676	1,022,117	929,397	979,554	994,000
Number of classes held	4,802	4,896	4,869	4,794	3,972	4,236	4,199	4,184	3,779	3,900
Programs and special activities										
Attendance at open/drop-in programs and classes	342,314	354,960	374,644	375,255	284,232	285,698	265,174	140,440	141,000	143,000
Number of classes held	1,185	1,349	1,547	1,798	1,954	1,819	2,283	575	280	290
Natural resources and trails										
Attendance at open/drop-in programs and classes	195,018	136,960	188,450	171,449	180,704	198,997	197,877	233,790	258,763	262,000
Number of classes held	293	338	545	280	643	647	707	664	720	700
Maintenance activities:										
Buildings maintained (shown per 1,000 sq. ft)	355	366	368	368	450	461	461	461	461	461
Cost per sq. ft. of buildings	\$6.21	\$7.28	\$7.17	\$8.20	\$6.30	\$6.52	\$6.61	\$6.63	\$7.07	\$7.22
Pool facilities maintained (shown per 1,000 sq. ft.)	152	152	152	152	117	117	117	117	117	117
Cost per sq. ft. of pools	\$14.71	\$12.03	\$15.87	\$12.57	\$17.01	\$16.15	\$16.29	\$17.28	\$16.40	\$17.14
Parks maintained - developed acres	1,076	1,076	1,071	1,083	1,026	1,024	1,052	1,062	1,075	1,087
Cost per developed acre	\$2,560	\$2,638	\$2,796	\$2,765	\$2,879	\$2,720	\$2,740	\$2,892	\$3,133	\$3,400
Parks maintained - undeveloped acres	859	867	1,077	006	1,186	1,233	1,236	1,244	1,275	1,288
Cost per undeveloped acre	\$169	\$172	\$146	\$175	\$131	\$254	\$260	\$274	\$293	\$319
Vehicle and equipment units maintained	413	427	434	436	436	472	490	490	205	520
Cost per vehicle and equipment unit	\$1,752	\$1,870	\$1,860	\$1,937	\$1,990	\$1,757	\$1,801	\$1,768	\$1,831	\$1,808

<sup>1)</sup> method of computation changed - comparisons to previous years not available

Source: Tualatin Hills Park & Recreation District

#### Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION June 30, 2017

#### Parks and Recreation:

Number of parks Park acreage:	296
Developed sites (neighborhood, community and regional parks) Undeveloped sites (wetlands and natural areas)	1,087 1,288
Pathways and trails mileage	51
Lakes	3
Stream corridor mileage	27
Facilities:	
Swim Centers:	-
Indoor	5
Outdoor	2
Recreation Centers	2
Combined Recreation/Aquatic Center	1
Athletic Center	1
Senior Center	1
Historical Facilities (weddings, meetings, community events)	3 2
Interpretive Centers/Nature Parks Tennis Center	1
	1
Camp Rivendale (developmentally disabled patrons)	1.
Fields and courts:	
Tennis:	
Indoor	6
Outdoor 1)	100
Basketball:	
Indoor	6
Outdoor 1)	50
Volleyball 1)	5
Sports fields: 1)	~~~
Soccer/football/lacrosse	149
Softball/baseball	104
Bocce	4
Hockey	1
Indoor running track	1
Skate park	3

<sup>1)</sup> these facilities are maintained either through direct ownership or joint use agreement

Source: Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District Beaverton, Oregon

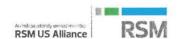
We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### COMPLIANCE

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATIONS (Continued)
Page 2

#### COMPLIANCE (Continued)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

#### OAR 162-10-0230 INTERNAL CONTROL

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

Talbot, Korvola & Warren, US

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lake Oswego, Oregon November 28, 2017